

September 30, 2018



Q3 2018

TSX: SRT.U and SRT.UN

"He who lives by the crystal ball is destined to eat glass"

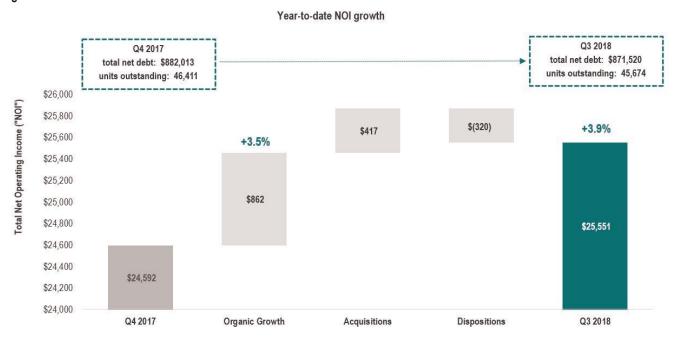
- Edgar R. Fiedler

DEAR FELLOW UNITHOLDERS

Predicting the future is hard. Humans tend to overestimate change in the short run and underestimate change over longer time periods. We've received questions about the pace and impact of technological change in the grocery sector since the inception of Slate Retail REIT (the "REIT") in April of 2014. More than four years later, the impact of any negative change to our portfolio remains muted. Occupancy has been consistently strong and is currently 94.3% with an industry leading 90.2% tenant retention ratio since inception. Leasing continues to be strong across the portfolio as tenant demand for space continues to outpace the historically low supply of newly built centers in our markets. Further, the REIT's neighborhood strip centers are not competing with supply from failing department stores or big-box power center retail as our average unit sizes are much smaller and cater to necessity-based tenants. Moreover, rents are increasing across the portfolio highlighted by 12 consecutive quarters of positive leasing spreads and portfolio-wide grocer sales have increased by more than 2.5% year-over-year.

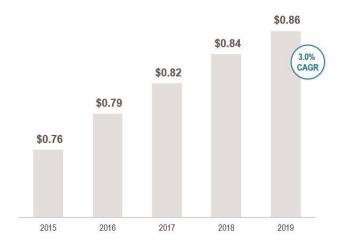
As a result of the asset management initiatives outlined above, as well as tailwinds from a booming US economy, total portfolio net operating income ("NOI") has grown at a very healthy rate of 3.9% so far this year. The majority of growth has been driven by leasing and asset management opportunities we continue to see and execute on within the portfolio. In addition, total net debt and units outstanding have both been reduced since the end of 2017 highlighting that growth is being financed largely by operating cash flow and thus should translate into growth in net asset value.

Figure 1



As a result of continued income growth, unitholders are being rewarded with a \$0.015 per unit distribution increase, taking our annual distribution from \$0.84 to \$0.855 per unit, a 1.8% increase. This marks the fifth consecutive calendar year increase since the REIT's inception in 2014.

Figure 2



The REIT's distribution is supported by the same solid underlying fundamentals seen in the grocery-anchored asset class for decades; food, local services and other necessity-based businesses. Further, we believe the stability and growth of the REIT's distribution continues to be an attractive return profile (upside with protected downside) for unitholders and thus is a major driver behind our decision to buyback units at today's unit price levels.

Let us make a few simple assumptions to show you what we mean. Assume that over the next 5 years the REIT can grow NOI at 1.0% per year and that the distribution grows at half the rate of NOI, or 0.50%. All else equal, if at the end of year 5 we were to sell the portfolio for a price that implies a 7.50% capitalization rate (we like to be conservative), it results in a net present value of cash flows to unitholders (distributions plus proceeds from sale) of \$11.54 before tax. This equates to an 18.4% premium to today's unit price. Refer to Figure 3 below for the full detail.

Figure 3

		Year 1		Year 2		Year 3		Year 4		Year 5
Net operating income (1)		\$ 103,226	\$	104,258	\$	105,301	\$	106,354	\$	107,417
AFFO payout ratio		90%	0	89%	6	88%	6	87%	0	86%
Annual distributions (2)	Α	\$ 0.86	\$	0.86	\$	0.86	\$	0.87	\$	0.87
Excess cash retained		\$ 0.10	\$	0.11	\$	0.12	\$	0.13	\$	0.14
Cumulative excess cash retained	В								\$	0.60
Implied net asset value (7.5% cap rate)	С								\$	12.72
Cash flow to unitholders (A+B+C)		\$ 0.86	\$	0.86	\$	0.86	\$	0.87	\$	14.19
Net present value of cash flow to unitholders (3)									\$	11.54
Current unit price									\$	9.75
Premium to current unit price										18.4%

⁽¹⁾ Assumes a yearly 1.0% compound in growth.

It is worthwhile noting that we believe the REIT can outperform the above scenario resulting in higher NOI and distribution growth than what is contemplated in Figure 3. Further, we expect the REIT's payout ratio to steadily decline and excess cash flows can be used for more accretive uses than shown simplistically above. For example, to further reduce the leverage ratio toward our longer-term target of 50.0% over the next several years.

Our confidence in the future demand for the REIT's quality locations continues to grow. Walmart, Kroger, and Publix (the REIT's three largest tenants by base rent) continue to invest heavily in their futures. It appears to be paying off. Due to Walmart's continued dominance in suburban America and strong sales growth, their stock has hit a new all-time high. Not widely known, Walmart remains at the forefront of retail innovation, with investment in new technologies and partnerships with Microsoft, Google, JD.com and Flipkart. Walmart is on pace to generate over \$20 billion of operating cash flow this year and our view is their recent investments will continue to fuel their growth and dominance in grocery retail. Kroger purchased a 5% stake for \$256 million in the world's largest e-commerce grocery company Ocado to help improve their logistics and fulfillment processes. We view this exclusive arrangement as a positive and confirms our belief that it will be very challenging for smaller grocery chains to compete in a sector that favors scale. Kroger generates \$6 billion in cash flow from operations annually and has continued to invest in efforts to only further widen their moat. Similarly, Publix continues to report exceptional results, with sales increasing 4% year-over-year in the second quarter to \$8.8 billion - on pace to

⁽²⁾ Assumes a yearly 0.5% compound in growth.

⁽³⁾ Assumes a portfolio sale capitalization rate of 7.5% and a discount rate of 10.0%.

generate \$36 billion in annual sales with net earnings up 23.4% this year. Publix has net cash, i.e. cash less debt, on their balance sheet of \$400 million and continues to open stores and invest in new formats. Publix operates more than 1,200 stores and leads the industry in awards for both service and employee culture.

Our view remains that grocery stores within the 'last mile' of suburban neighborhoods serve as local food distribution points. Their efficacy and convenience are very difficult to replicate and we believe Ali Baba believes the same thing and is leveraging their physical retail stores to successfully deliver their grocery concept in China. Refer to link here.

Demand for the REIT's property locations is further supported by customers continuing and increasingly using the service-based retailers found within our neighborhood shopping center-businesses that cannot be replicated online. We currently see no indication of this demand being meaningfully disrupted in the future and firmly believe that the "all retail is dead" rhetoric is merely a lazy oversimplification. To quote Mark Twain, "the reports of my death have been greatly exaggerated". Our operating performance (and many of our peers) continues to support this assessment.

We have updated our investor presentation <u>here</u> to highlight the merits discussed here including cash flow durability, income growth drivers, as well as relative valuation metrics. We have also updated the "Development" section in our MD&A to include additional information highlighting that we expect \$2.7 million of incremental NOI from our active development projects which equates to an 11.8% yield on cost and alone would result in 2.7% of future growth in NOI. In addition, 4 of the 6 active redevelopment projects have executed leases with future tenants demonstrating a very high probability of achieving our projections.

As we look toward the end of the year and into 2019, we are confident that the operational excellence the team continues to implement will translate into strong financial performance for unitholders.

We would be happy to answer any questions or chat further about our business. Please feel free to call or email me directly at 416-644-4264 or greg@slateam.com.

Sincerely,

Greg Stevenson Chief Executive Officer

October 30, 2018



Management's Discussion and Analysis

SLATE RETAIL REIT

September 30, 2018

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain information in this management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") constitutes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. These statements reflect management's expectations regarding objectives, plans, goals, strategies, future growth, results of operations, performance and business prospects and opportunities of Slate Retail REIT (the "REIT") including expectations for the current financial year, and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to management's beliefs, plans, estimates and intentions, and similar statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Statements that contain words such as "could", "should", "can", "anticipate", "expect", "does not expect", "believe", "plan", budget", "schedule", "estimate", "intend", "project", "will", "may", "might", "continue" and similar expressions or statements relating to matters that are not historical facts constitute forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future events or performance and, by their nature, are based on the REIT's current estimates and assumptions, which are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. The REIT believes that these statements are made based on reasonable assumptions; however, there is no assurance that the events or circumstances reflected in these forward-looking statements will occur or be achieved. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements including, but not limited to the risks that are more fully discussed under the "Risk Factors" section of the annual information form of the REIT for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("Annual Information Form"). Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated or implied by forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: risks incidental to ownership and operation of real estate properties including local real estate conditions; financial risks related to obtaining available equity and debt financing at reasonable costs and interest rate fluctuations; operational risks including timely leasing of vacant space and re-leasing of occupied space on expiration of current leases on terms at current or anticipated rental rates; tenant defaults and bankruptcies; uncertainties of acquisition activities including availability of suitable property acquisitions and integration of acquisitions; competition including development of properties in close proximity to the REIT's properties; loss of key management and employees; potential environmental liabilities; catastrophic events, such as earthquakes and hurricanes; governmental, taxation and other regulatory risks and litigation risks.

Forward-looking statements included in this MD&A are made as of October 30, 2018, and accordingly are subject to change after such date. The REIT does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements that are included in this MD&A, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as expressly required by applicable securities laws. Certain statements included in this MD&A may be considered "financial outlook" for purposes of applicable securities laws, and such financial outlook may not be appropriate for purposes other than this MD&A. Investors are cautioned against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

FINANCIAL AND INFORMATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

(in thousands, except per unit amounts and as otherwise stated)

		Q3 2018		Q2 2018	Q1 2018	_	Q4 2017		Q3 2017		Q2 2017
Summary of Portfolio Information											
Number of properties		86		86	86		86		84		73
GLA	1	0,897,059	1	1,060,145	11,067,372		11,156,474		10,850,708		9,141,538
GLA occupied by grocery-anchors		5,198,055		5,159,693	5,159,693		5,159,693		4,887,294		4,162,756
Occupancy		94.3%		93.9%	93.7%		93.7%	,)	92.6%)	91.7%
Grocery-anchor occupancy		100.0%)	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	,)	100.0%)	98.7%
Non-anchor occupancy		89.1%)	88.6%	88.2%		88.3%	,)	86.8%)	86.4%
Grocery-anchor weighted average lease term (years)		5.2		5.3	5.6		5.8		5.5		5.4
Portfolio weighted average lease term (years)		4.8		4.9	5.0		5.1		4.9		4.9
Square feet ("SF") leased		258,114		242,401	294,408		402,050		490,422		337,706
Summary of Financial Information											
IFRS gross book value ("GBV") (1)	\$1	,472,898	\$ 1	,474,077	\$ 1,478,396	\$	1,499,519	\$	1,476,651	\$ 1	1,225,065
Total debt		875,227		864,051	872,263		883,046		846,325		608,035
Revenue		35,699		35,669	36,544		34,859		30,030		26,614
Net (loss) income		(1,024)		(14,201)	26,703		31,421		(8,816)		16,049
Net operating income ("NOI") (2)		25,551		25,304	24,724		24,592		21,891		19,172
Funds from operations ("FFO") (2)		14,469		14,542	15,227		15,406		14,448		12,741
Adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO") (2)		8,998		9,465	10,987		11,360		11,168		10,713
Distributions declared	\$	9,627	\$	9,670	\$ 9,742	\$	9,625	\$	9,381	\$	9,018
Per Unit Financial Information											
Class U equivalent units outstanding		45,674		46,031	46,261		46,411		46,340		46,291
WA class U equivalent units outstanding ("WA units")		45,489		46,153	46,479		46,443		46,372		42,832
FFO per WA units (2)	\$	0.32	\$	0.32	\$ 0.33	\$	0.33	\$	0.31	\$	0.30
AFFO per WA units (2)		0.20		0.21	0.24		0.24		0.24		0.25
Declared distributions per unit	\$	0.2100	\$	0.2100	\$ 0.2100	\$	0.2075	\$	0.2025	\$	0.2025
Financial Ratios											
FFO payout ratio (2) (3)		66.5%		66.5%	64.0%		62.5%		64.9%		70.8%
AFFO payout ratio (2) (4)		107.0%		102.2%	88.7%		84.7%		84.0%		84.2%
Debt / GBV		59.4%		58.6%		59.0% 58.9%					49.6%
Weighted average interest rate (5)		4.06%)	3.70%		3.53% 3.36%					3.10%
Interest coverage ratio (6)		2.64x		2.63x	2.78x		3.06x		3.41x		3.47x

All operational amounts are for the three month period ended and all other amounts are as at the end of the period.

(1) GBV is equal to total assets.

⁽²⁾ Refer to non-IFRS financial measures on page 4.

⁽³⁾ Distributions declared divided by FFO.

⁽⁴⁾ Distributions declared divided by AFFO.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes the impact of pay-fixed receive-float swaps.

⁽⁶⁾ NOI less other expenses, divided by interest on debt.

PART I - OVERVIEW

INTRODUCTION

This MD&A of the financial position and results of operations of Slate Retail REIT (TSX: SRT.U and SRT.UN) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "REIT") is intended to provide readers with an assessment of performance and summarize the financial position and results of operations of the REIT for the period ended September 30, 2018. The presentation of the REIT's financial results, including the related comparative information, contained in this MD&A are based on the REIT's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2018 (the "consolidated financial statements"), which have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with those financial statements. All amounts are in thousands of United States dollars, unless otherwise noted, which is the functional currency of the REIT and all of its subsidiaries.

The information contained in this MD&A is based on information available to the REIT and is dated as of October 30, 2018, which is also the date the Board of Trustees, upon the recommendation of its Audit Committee, approved the contents of this MD&A.

PROFILE

The REIT is an unincorporated open-ended real estate mutual fund trust constituted in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to an amended and restated Declaration of Trust dated as of April 15, 2014, as amended on May 11, 2018. As of September 30, 2018, the REIT owns 86 grocery-anchored retail commercial properties located in the United States of America (the "U.S.") comprising 10.9 million square feet of GLA.

The REIT is externally managed and operated by Slate Asset Management L.P. (the "Manager" or "Slate"). The Manager has an experienced and dedicated team of real estate professionals with a proven track record of success in real estate investment and management. Management's interests are aligned with the unitholders of the REIT through its sponsorship and as a significant unitholder of the REIT. Slate is the largest unitholder in the REIT, with an approximate 7.4% interest, and accordingly, is highly motivated to increase the value to unitholders and provide reliable growing returns to the REIT's unitholders.

Additional information on the REIT, including its Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the REIT's website at www.slateretailreit.com.

STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

Our strategy is to own quality grocery-anchored retail properties located in major markets in the U.S. that are visited regularly by consumers for their everyday needs. We believe that our diversified portfolio, quality tenant covenants, coupled with a conservative payout ratio, provides a strong basis to continue to grow unitholder distributions and flexibility to capitalize on opportunities that provide value appreciation.

We are focused on the following areas to achieve the REIT's objectives:

- Be disciplined in our acquisition of well-located properties that provide opportunity for future value creation;
- Maintain a conservative AFFO payout ratio to continue to provide steady and reliable distributions to unitholders;
- Proactive property and asset management that results in NOI growth while minimizing property and portfolio vacancy exposure;
- Prudent and disciplined management of capital outlays that will maintain and increase the attractiveness of the REIT's portfolio and achieve increased rents: and
- Continue to increase the REIT's financial strength and flexibility through robust balance sheet management.

Overall, the REIT has established a premier platform of diversified grocery-anchored properties that creates meaningful cash flow for unitholders and the continued opportunity for future growth.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

We disclose a number of financial measures in this MD&A that are not measures determined in accordance with IFRS, including NOI, same-property NOI, FFO, FFO payout ratio, AFFO, AFFO payout ratio, adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA") and the interest coverage ratio, in addition to certain measures on a per unit basis. We utilize these measures for a variety of reasons, including measuring performance, managing the business, capital allocation and the assessment of risk. Descriptions of why these non-IFRS measures are useful to investors and how management uses each measure are included in this MD&A. We believe that providing these performance measures on a supplemental basis to our IFRS results is helpful to investors in assessing the overall performance of our businesses in a manner similar to management. These financial measures should not be considered as a substitute for similar financial measures calculated in accordance with IFRS. We caution readers that these non-IFRS financial measures may differ from the calculations disclosed by other businesses, and as a result, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by others. Reconciliations of these non-IFRS measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS are included within this MD&A.

The definition of non-IFRS financial measures are as follows:

- NOI is defined as rental revenue less operating expenses, prior to straight-line rent and IFRIC 21, Levies ("IFRIC 21") adjustments. Same-property NOI includes those properties owned by the REIT for each of the current period and the relevant comparative period excluding those properties under development. NOI margin is defined as NOI divided by revenue, prior to straight-line rent.
- FFO is defined as net income (loss) adjusted for certain items including transaction costs, change in fair value of properties, deferred income taxes, unit expense (income) and IFRIC 21 property tax adjustments.
- AFFO is defined as FFO adjusted for straight-line rental revenue and sustaining capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements.
- FFO payout ratio and AFFO payout ratio are defined as distributions declared divided by FFO and AFFO, respectively.
- FFO per WA unit and AFFO per WA unit are defined as FFO and AFFO divided by the weighted average class U equivalent units outstanding, respectively.
- Adjusted EBITDA is defined as NOI less other expenses.
- Interest coverage ratio is defined as adjusted EBITDA divided by cash interest paid.

RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The REIT's business is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties which are described in its most recently filed Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2017, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the REIT or that the REIT currently considers immaterial also may impair its business and operations and cause the price of the REIT's units to decline. If any of the noted risks actually occur, the REIT's business may be harmed and the financial condition and results of operation may suffer significantly. In that event, the trading price of the units could decline, and unitholders may lose all or part of their investment.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

The following is a summary of the key financial and operational highlights and recent developments for the REIT for the three month period ended September 30, 2018:

- Completed 177,451 square feet of lease renewals at a 7.6% weighted average spread above expiring rent and 80,663 square feet of new leasing at a 36.8% premium above the weighted average in-place rent for comparable space.
- Occupancy increased by 0.4% during the quarter to 94.3%, with a significant portion of the REIT's leasing activity during the quarter to still
 impact future periods. Compared to the prior year, occupancy increased by 1.7% from 92.6%.
- The weighted average tenant retention rate for this quarter is 91.7% compared to 89.7% in the third quarter of 2017. Since the beginning of 2016 the weighted average retention rate has been 90.2%.
- On July 30, 2018, the REIT entered into two \$175.0 million pay-fixed receive-float interest rate swaps, or an aggregate of \$350.0 million, to hedge interest rate risk from floating rate debt. The interest rate swaps have fixed rates of 2.88% and 2.93% and maturities of August 22, 2023 and August 22, 2025, respectively. At September 30, 2018, 98.8% of the REIT's debt is subject to fixed rates.
- The REIT continued to actively repurchase units, with 0.4 million class U units purchased and subsequently canceled under the REIT's normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$3.5 million at an average price of \$9.92 during the third quarter. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT repurchased 0.9 million units which will result in approximately \$0.7 million less distributions on an annualized basis. Subsequent to quarter end, the REIT entered into an automatic securities repurchase plan ("ASRP") which allows the REIT to make purchases when the REIT would ordinarily not be permitted to make purchases due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. During this period, 0.6 million class U units have been repurchased and subsequently canceled for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$5.6 million at an average price of \$9.80 per unit. The ASRP terminates on November 2, 2018 at which point in time the REIT may continue to repurchase its units if an opportunistic price exists.
- Rental revenue for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$35.7 million and \$30.0 million, respectively, which represents an increase of \$5.7 million. The increase is primarily due to rental rate growth from re-leasing at rates above in-place rents and new leasing in addition to net acquisitions. In the last 12 months, the REIT has acquired three properties and disposed of one property and seven outparcels at certain properties.
- Net loss for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 was \$1.0 million, which is a \$7.8 million increase from the same quarter of
 the prior year. The increase is mainly due to the aforementioned increases in revenue and decreases in unit expense due to the classification
 of REIT units as equity effective May 11, 2018, partially offset by a decrease in the change in fair value of properties of \$17.8 million. Total
 REIT distributions for the quarter recognized as a decrease to equity, was \$9.2 million.
- NOI was \$25.6 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$25.3 million in the second quarter of 2018. The increase is due to partial NOI results from the acquisition of Plymouth Station, located in Plymouth, Minnesota and termination fees related to shop-space tenants of \$0.2 million, partially offset by lost contribution from the sale of three outparcels and one property during the period.
- Same-property NOI for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 (comprised of 65 properties) increased by 2.4% over the comparative period. Same-property NOI for the trailing twelve month period ended September 30, 2018 (comprised of 56 properties) decreased by 0.2%

over the same period in the prior year. Including the impact of the completion of the North Augusta Plaza anchor redevelopment in the fourth quarter of 2017, same-property NOI increased by 2.7% and 2.1% for the three and trailing twelve month period ended September 30, 2018, respectively.

- FFO per unit was \$0.32 for the quarter, which represented a \$0.01 increase from the same period in the prior year primarily due to the aforementioned increases in rental revenue, partially offset by the \$2.8 million increase in cash interest paid over the prior quarter.
- AFFO per unit was \$0.20 for the quarter, which is a \$0.04 per unit decrease compared to the same quarter in 2017 mainly due to a \$2.1 million increase in capital, leasing and tenant improvement spend to primarily support new leasing over the prior quarter. If the REIT calculated capital, leasing and tenant improvement spend as 10% of NOI in the current quarter, which is representative of the REIT's historical sustaining capital, leasing and tenant improvement costs, the REIT would have a modified AFFO per unit of \$0.25.
- The REIT's AFFO payout ratio for the third quarter was 107.0%. On a trailing twelve month basis, the AFFO payout ratio was 94.7%.

PART II - LEASING AND PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

LEASING

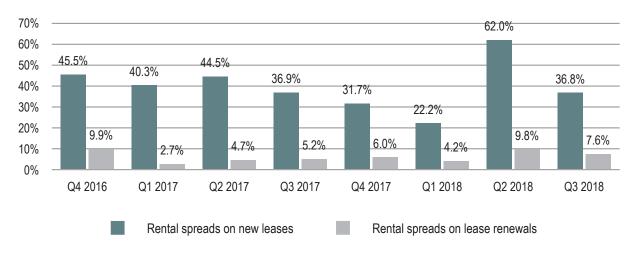
The REIT strives to ensure that its properties are well occupied with tenants who have space that allow them to meet their own business objectives. Accordingly, the REIT proactively monitors its tenant base with the objective to renew in advance of lease maturities, backfill tenant vacancies in instances where a tenant will not renew, or if there is an opportunity to place a stronger or more suitable tenant in the REIT's properties, management endeavors to find a suitable solution.

The following table summarizes the REIT's leasing activity for the four most recent quarters:

Square feet	Deal type		Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017
Less than 10,000	Renewal	Leases signed	40	53	49	48
		Total square feet	84,156	123,637	128,158	108,686
		Average base rent	\$ 18.98	\$ 17.31	\$ 16.36	\$ 18.36
		Rental spread	9.0%	8.9%	7.8%	8.9%
Greater than 10,000 Renewa	Renewal	Leases signed	5	3	5	6
		Total square feet	93,295	53,800	99,469	181,374
		Average base rent	\$ 8.69	\$ 7.51	\$ 7.29	\$ 10.02
		Rental spread	5.0%	14.8%	(5.0)%	2.9%
Total renewals (squa	re feet)		177,451	177,437	227,627	290,060
Less than 10,000	New lease	Leases signed	20	16	22	17
		Total square feet	43,800	41,244	56,351	69,216
		Average base rent	\$ 19.47	\$ 20.91	\$ 14.07	\$ 15.75
		Rental spread (1)	50.0%	67.0%	12.7%	25.6%
Greater than 10,000	New lease	Leases signed	1	2	1	2
		Total square feet	36,863	23,720	10,430	42,774
		Average base rent	\$ 8.40	11.92	16.75	12.63
		Rental spread (1)	10.1%	48.4%	99.2%	45.8%
Total new leases (sq	uare feet)		80,663	64,964	66,781	111,990
Total leasing activity	(square feet)		258,114	242,401	294,408	402,050

⁽¹⁾ Calculated based on the average base rent of the new lease term compared to the average in-place rent for comparable space across the portfolio.

Leasing Spreads



During the third quarter, management completed 177,451 square feet of lease renewals. The weighted average rental rate increase on renewals completed for leases less than 10,000 square feet was \$1.57 per square foot or 9.0% higher than expiring rent. The weighted average rental rate increase on renewals completed for leases greater than 10,000 square feet was \$0.41 per square foot or 5.0% higher than expiring rent.

The weighted average base rent on all new leases completed less than 10,000 square feet was \$19.47 per square foot which is \$6.49 per square foot or 50.0% higher than the weighted average in-place rent for comparable space across the portfolio. The weighted average rental rate on all new leases greater than 10,000 square feet was \$8.40 which is \$0.77 or 10.1% higher than the weighted average in-place rent for comparable space across the portfolio. These transactions compare favorably to the current weighted average in place rent of \$10.74.

Lease maturities

The REIT generally enters into leases with initial terms to maturity between 5 and 10 years with our grocery-anchor tenants. The initial terms to maturity for non-anchor space tends to be of a shorter duration between 3 and 5 years. The weighted average remaining term to maturity of the REIT's grocery-anchor and non-grocery-anchor tenants as at September 30, 2018 was 5.2 years and 4.3 years respectively, not including tenants on month-to-month leases. On a portfolio basis, the weighted average remaining term to maturity is 4.8 years.

The following table summarizes the composition of the remaining term to maturity of the REIT's leases at September 30, 2018:

	Weighted average term to maturity	GLA	GLA %
Grocery-anchor	5.2	5,198,055	47.7%
Non-anchor	4.3	4,988,826	45.8%
Total occupied	4.8	10,186,881	93.5%
Month-to-month		86,739	0.8%
Vacant		623,439	5.7%
Total GLA		10,897,059	100.0%

The following table shows the change in occupancy during the three month period ended September 30, 2018:

	Total GLA	Occupied GLA	Occupancy
June 30, 2018	11,060,145	10,388,381	93.9%
Acquisitions	114,069	111,584	97.8%
Dispositions	(277,226)	(268,575)	96.9%
Leasing changes (1)	_	44,312	N/A
Re-measurements	71	(2,082)	N/A
September 30, 2018	10,897,059	10,273,620	94.3%

⁽¹⁾ Leasing changes include new leases, lease buyouts, expirations and terminations.

Occupancy is determined based on lease commencement. Occupancy has increased by 0.4% to 94.3% from June 30, 2018, primarily due to the 97.8% occupancy rate at the REIT's newly acquired property, Plymouth Station and 80,663 square feet of new leasing, partially offset by 36,351 square feet of vacancies, the disposal of Field Club Commons and three outparcels at Mooresville Consumer Square at a weighted occupancy rate of 96.9%.

The following table shows the change in occupancy during the nine month period ended September 30, 2018:

	Total GLA	Occupied GLA	Occupancy
December 31, 2017	11,156,474	10,452,392	93.7%
Acquisitions	114,069	111,584	97.8%
Dispositions	(369,555)	(352,569)	95.4%
Leasing changes (1)	_	84,212	N/A
Re-measurements	(3,929)	(21,999)	N/A
September 30, 2018	10,897,059	10,273,620	94.3%

⁽¹⁾ Leasing changes include new leases, lease buyouts, expirations and terminations.

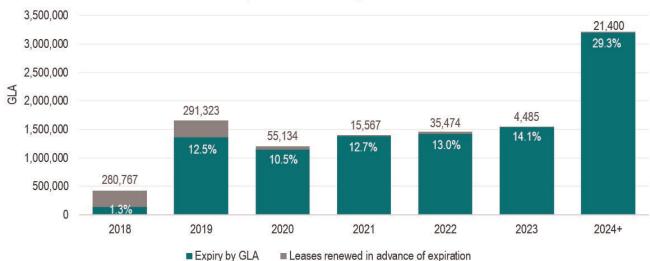
Occupancy increased to 94.3% at September 30, 2018 from 93.7% at December 31, 2017. The increase in occupancy is due to 212,408 square feet of new leasing and the acquisition of Plymouth Station with an occupancy rate of 97.8%, partially offset by vacancies totaling 128,196 square feet and the disposal of Field Club Commons and seven property outparcels at certain properties at a weighted occupancy rate of 95.4%.

The following is a profile of the REIT's leases excluding the impact of tenant extension options:

	G	rocery-anchor			Non-anchor		Total			
GLA expiration	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in-place rent	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in-place rent	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in-place rent	
Month-to-month	_	- \$	_	86,739	0.8% \$	16.22	86,739	0.8% \$	16.22	
2018	56,127	0.5%	5.00	83,697	0.8%	19.05	139,824	1.3%	13.41	
2019	811,633	7.4%	6.84	550,547	5.1%	16.17	1,362,180	12.5%	10.61	
2020	382,090	3.5%	6.60	765,065	7.0%	11.42	1,147,155	10.5%	9.82	
2021	587,564	5.4%	7.51	795,564	7.3%	13.19	1,383,128	12.7%	10.77	
2022	699,785	6.4%	7.70	721,103	6.6%	14.26	1,420,888	13.0%	11.03	
2023 and later	2,660,856	24.5%	9.00	2,072,850	19.0%	12.94	4,733,706	43.5%	10.73	
Vacant	_	_	N/A	623,439	5.7%	N/A	623,439	5.7%	N/A	
Total / weighted average	5,198,055	47.7% \$	8.10	5,699,004	52.3% \$	13.44	10,897,059	100.0% \$	10.74	

The following is a table of lease expiries at September 30, 2018 and pre-existing future maturities that were leased in advance during 2018.

Lease Expiries and Pre-existing Future Maturities



The REIT endeavors to proactively lease upcoming expiries in advance of maturity to maintain high occupancy levels, ensure a proper mix of tenants at each property and certainty in cash flows.

The following table summarizes remaining expiries in the 2018 year:

	Septem	nber 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2018	March 31, 2018		
GLA Expiration	Number of tenants	GLA	Number of tenants	GLA	Number of tenants	GLA	
Anchors	1	56,127	1	56,127	1	56,127	
Non-anchors	34	83,697	73	195,840	117	330,555	
Remaining 2018 expiries	35	139,824	74	251,967	118	386,682	
Percentage of occupied portfolio		1.3%		2.3%		3.5%	

At September 30, 2018, remaining 2018 expiries totaled 139,824 square feet with 0.8% or 83,697 square feet of total GLA related to non-anchor tenants. Comparatively, at June 30, 2018, remaining 2018 expiries totaled 251,967 square feet with 1.8% or 195,840 square feet of total GLA related to non-anchor tenants. At March 31, 2018, remaining 2018 expiries totaled 386,682 square feet with 3.0% or 330,555 square feet of total GLA related to non-anchor tenants.

Retention rates

The asset management team strives to maintain strong relationships with all tenants, especially the REIT's grocery-anchor tenants. Since inception in 2011, where the REIT has sought a renewal with a grocery-anchor, the asset management team has had a 100% success rate in obtaining a

lease extension. In certain cases, management has not sought renewals with larger tenants, including in cases where a better user is available, or a redevelopment opportunity exists. Management believes that this success is as a result of the strong relationships maintained with tenants and the REIT's underwriting which in part considers the relative strength of grocery-anchors in the respective market, recent capital investment by grocers and, where possible, the profitability of the store. Management expects a lower retention rate for our non-grocery-anchor tenants as a result of the dynamics and natural turnover of certain businesses over time which gives us opportunity to release space, potentially at higher rates, and improve overall credit and tenant mix.

The following are the REIT's retention rates for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018, and year ended December 31, 2017 for both grocery-anchor and non-grocery-anchor tenants:

Retention rate (1)	Three months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Year ended December 31, 2017
Grocery-anchor	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Non-grocery-anchor	83.0%	81.6%	76.6%
Net total / weighted average	91.7%	90.9%	88.3%

⁽¹⁾ Retention rate excludes instances where management has not sought a renewal, which are primarily related to redevelopment or property portfolio management opportunities.

On October 15, 2018, Sears Holdings, the parent company of Sears and Kmart, declared Chapter 11 under the Bankruptcy Code in the U.S. The REIT has one Kmart in the entire portfolio, with an 83,076 square foot space at Eastpointe Shopping Centre, located in Clarksburg, West Virginia which contributes annual base rent of \$0.1 million and represents 0.09% of portfolio annual base rent. The REIT is in discussions with national retailers to backfill the Kmart box and redevelop the center. On acquisition, the REIT underwrote a lease buy-out with Kmart, an outlay no longer required due to Kmart's closure, a favorable outcome for the REIT. Annual base rent is expected to increase meaningfully following the completion of the redevelopment project.

The following are the REIT's incremental change in base rent for the four most recent quarters:

	,	1				For th	e three mo	onths ended,
	Septemb	er 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2018	March 31, 2018		Decemb	per 31, 2017
Renewals								
Square feet		177,451		177,437		227,627		290,060
Expiring rent per square foot (1)	\$	12.64	\$	13.06	\$	11.90	\$	12.41
Rent spread per square foot (1)	\$	0.96	\$	1.28	\$	0.50	\$	0.74
Vacated								
Square feet (2)		36,351		19,220		72,625		40,084
Expiring rent per square foot (1)	\$	10.89	\$	16.26	\$	15.13	\$	10.83
New								
Square feet		80,663		64,964		66,781		111,990
New rent per square foot (1)	\$	14.41	\$	17.63	\$	14.49	\$	14.56
Total base rent retained	\$	1,847	\$	2,005	\$	1,610	\$	3,166
Incremental base rent	\$	1,333	\$	1,372	\$	1,081	\$	1,845

⁽¹⁾ Weighted average.

In-place and market rents

The REIT's leasing activity during the three month period ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	GLA	Number of tenants	Weighted average expiring rent		Weight	ted average new rent
Renewed leases	177,451	45	\$	12.61	\$	13.57
New leases	80,663	21		N/A		14.41
Total / weighted average	258,114	66		N/A	\$	13.83
Less, leases not renewed / vacated during term (1)	(36,351)	(10)		10.89		N/A
Net total / weighted average	221,763	56			\$	13.83

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

The REIT's leasing activity during the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	GLA	Number of tenants	Weighted average expiring rent		Weight	ed average new rent
Renewed leases	582,515	155	\$	12.47	\$	13.35
New leases	212,408	62		N/A		15.42
Total / weighted average	794,923	217		N/A	\$	13.90
Less, leases not renewed / vacated during term (1)	(128,196)	(45)		14.10		N/A
Net total / weighted average	666,727	172			\$	13.90

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

During the third quarter of 2018 the REIT completed 258,114 square feet of leasing, which represents 2.4% of the REIT's portfolio. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, 794,923 square feet of leasing was completed, which represents 7.3% of the REIT's portfolio. This level of leasing is consistent with the REIT's strategy of actively managing the properties to create value through a hands-on approach.

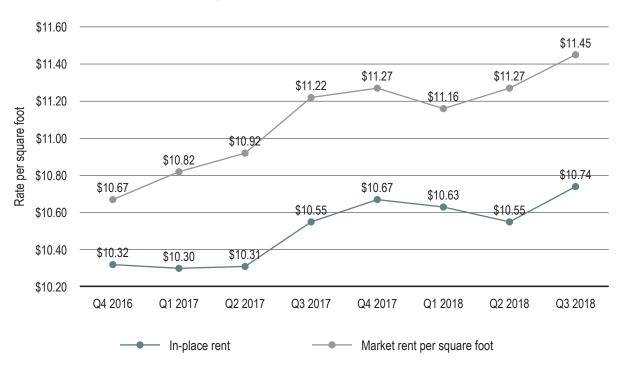
Net rental rates

The following table is a summary of in-place rent for the eight most recent financial quarters of the REIT:

	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017		Q1 2017	Q4 2016
Grocery rent	\$ 8.10 \$	8.08	\$ 8.20	\$ 8.19	\$ 8.29 \$	8.28	5	8.38 \$	8.37
Shop space rent	13.44	13.00	13.03	13.08	12.68	12.32		12.22	12.27
Total	\$ 10.74 \$	10.55	\$ 10.63	\$ 10.67	\$ 10.55 \$	10.31	5	10.30 \$	10.32
Market rent (1)	\$ 11.45 \$	11.27	\$ 11.16	\$ 11.27	\$ 11.22 \$	10.92	\$	10.82 \$	10.67

⁽¹⁾ Market rate represents the REIT's estimate of market rents for its properties on a weighted average basis. Market rents are determined based, in part, on broker feedback, market transactions and completed deals.

In-place Rent Versus Estimated Market Rent



The REIT leases to high-quality tenants in well located centers typically below the average market rent for U.S. strip centers, allowing for increased value in the portfolio through rental rate growth.

ACQUISITIONS

Subject to the availability of acquisition opportunities, the REIT intends to grow distributions, in part through the accretive acquisition of properties. The current environment for acquisitions is very competitive with limited supply of quality properties coming to the market. The REIT explores acquisition opportunities as they arise but will pursue only acquisitions that management believes are accretive to net asset value per unit in the medium term relative to its long-term cost of capital.

The REIT acquired one property during the three month period ended September 30, 2018, as summarized below:

Property	Purchase date	Metropolitan statistical area ("MSA")		urchase price	SF	Price per SF	Anchor tenant	
Plymouth Station	August 31, 2018	Minneapolis-St Paul	\$	20,465	114,069 \$	179	Hy-Vee	

The aforementioned property was acquired by the REIT for a total of \$20.5 million, totaling 0.1 million square feet (\$179 price per square foot) at a going-in capitalization rate of 7.3%. Consideration for the cost of the acquisition was funded by the REIT's revolver and cash on hand. Each asset is leased with a strong grocery-anchor tenant.

Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the REIT committed to acquire one property, as summarized below:

Property	Purchase date	Metropolitan statistical area ("MSA")	Pι	ırchase price		Price er SF	Anchor tenant
Windmill Plaza (1)	November 2018	Detroit	\$	6,873	159,854 \$	86	Kroger

⁽¹⁾ Price per square foot is based on a 100% purchase price of the property at \$13.7 million.

The REIT agreed to acquire Windmill Plaza, a grocery-anchored shopping center located in Sterling Heights, Michigan, in a joint-venture partnership with The Kroger Company for \$6.9 million, net of settlement of the REIT's note receivable of \$11.4 million. The REIT is planning to invest an additional \$5.7 million to redevelop the property and will include a 25 year ground lease with Kroger as the anchor tenant. The redevelopment project will include a 129,000 square foot Kroger Marketplace, an improved inline façade and a completely redesigned parking lot, landscaping and lighting system. The REIT expects the acquisition to close in the fourth quarter of 2018.

DISPOSITIONS

	Mooresville Co	Outparcels at nsumer Square	Field Club Commons			Total
Disposition date		August 22, 2018	Septe	ember 25, 2018		
Number of outparcels		3		N/A		
Location	Mooresville	resville, North Carolina New		ew Castle, Pennsylvania		
Sales price	\$	12,730	\$	9,800	\$	22,530
Working capital		(137)		51		(86)
Disposition costs		(354)		(402)		(756)
Net proceeds	\$	12,239	\$	9,449	\$	21,688

During the third quarter, the REIT disposed of three outparcels at Mooresville Consumer Square located in Mooresville, North Carolina and Field Club Commons, located in New Castle, Pennsylvania for a total of \$22.5 million at a weighted average capitalization rate of 8.3%. During the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT disposed of 7 property outparcels and one property for \$42.7 million at a weighted average capitalization rate of 7.9%.

The disposition of outparcels is consistent with the REIT's strategy to recycle capital that can be more opportunistically deployed or reduce risk. Often outparcels are identified for disposition at the underwriting stage in order to reduce the REIT's acquisition cost basis, or after a period of ownership, where additional value has been created that can be crystallized.

There are no fees incurred by the REIT to the Manager in relation to the disposition of properties or outparcels.

PROPERTY PROFILE

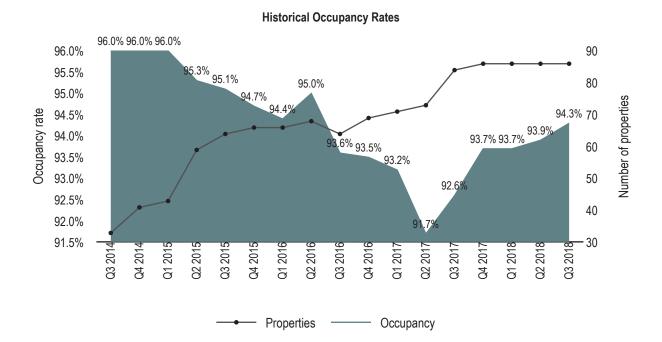
Professional management

Through professional management of the portfolio, the REIT intends to ensure its properties portray an image that will continue to attract consumers as well as provide preferred locations for its tenants. Well-managed properties enhance the shopping experience and ensure customers continue to visit the centers. Professional management of the portfolio has enabled the REIT to maintain a high occupancy level, currently 94.3% at September 30, 2018 (June 30, 2018 – 93.9%, December 31, 2017 – 93.7%, September 30, 2017 – 92.6%).

Occupancy has increased by 0.4% to 94.3% from the most recent quarter due to 80,663 square feet of new leases in the quarter, which included Urban Air and Lumber Liquidators at North Summit Square, totaling 45,663 square feet and Five Below at Dorman Center at 8,500 square feet, partially offset by 36,351 square feet of vacancies related to shop space tenants in the quarter. During the quarter, the REIT acquired Plymouth

Station which is 97.8% occupied and disposed of Field Club Commons and three outparcels at Mooresville Consumer Square at a weighted occupancy rate of 96.9%.

The following table shows the occupancy rate of the REIT's portfolio since the REIT was listed on the TSX:

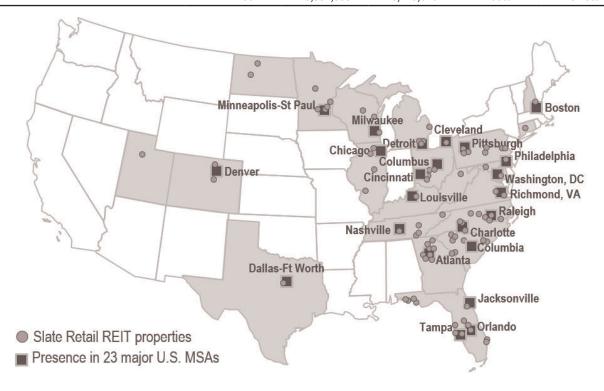


Geographic overview

The REIT's portfolio is geographically diversified. As of September 30, 2018, the REIT's 86 properties were located in 21 states with a presence in 23 MSAs. The REIT has 35 properties, or 40.7% of the total portfolio, located in the U.S. Sunbelt region. Markets within this region benefit from strong underlying demographic trends, above average employment and population growth. This provides the REIT opportunities to progressively drive operational efficiencies and sustainable growth.

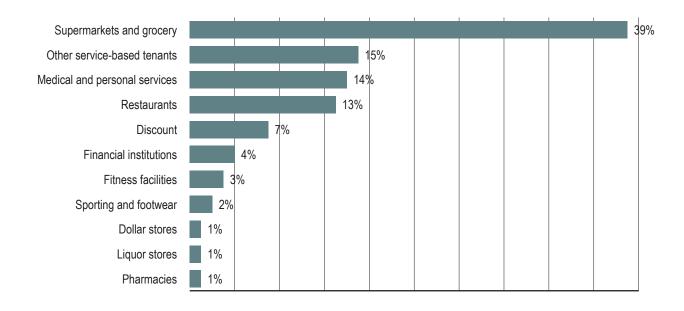
The following is a summary of the geographic location and relative dispersion of the REIT's property portfolio:

State	Number of assets	Total SF	Occupied SF	Percentage of revenue	Occupancy
Florida	13	1,512,498	1,441,813	15.6%	95.3%
North Carolina	9	1,214,081	1,170,907	11.3%	96.4%
Pennsylvania	8	1,280,401	1,216,537	10.8%	95.0%
Georgia	9	1,030,702	967,798	9.5%	93.9%
South Carolina	7	969,418	929,698	8.8%	95.9%
Michigan	4	501,359	471,673	4.5%	94.1%
Minnesota	5	566,782	539,077	5.8%	95.1%
Tennessee	5	526,131	520,131	3.6%	98.9%
Ohio	5	688,232	549,024	3.9%	79.8%
Illinois	4	396,946	349,280	3.5%	88.0%
North Dakota	2	261,578	260,287	3.4%	99.5%
Maryland	1	147,803	138,105	2.9%	93.4%
Wisconsin	3	294,233	280,628	2.5%	95.4%
West Virginia	2	387,162	380,302	2.5%	98.2%
Colorado	2	203,462	191,856	2.2%	94.3%
New Hampshire	1	187,001	181,242	2.0%	96.9%
Connecticut	1	139,653	139,653	1.7%	100.0%
Virginia	2	203,434	197,134	1.8%	96.9%
Texas	1	167,961	142,892	1.3%	85.1%
Utah	1	127,231	123,970	1.2%	97.4%
Kentucky	1	90,991	81,613	0.9%	89.7%
Total	86	10,897,059	10,273,620	100%	94.3%



Tenant categories

As of September 30, 2018, the REIT has the following tenant categories within the portfolio, allocated by base rent:



Category	Number of stores	Percentage of rent	Key brands (1)
Supermarkets and grocery	104	39%	Walmart Company Publix. Ahold Delhaize SuperValu
Other service-based tenants	269	15%	LUMBER METOPCS. SALLY
Medical and personal services	398	14%	BAYADA Great Clips Hair cuffery.
Restaurants	280	13%	Indicated Principles of Part SUBWAY
Discount	49	7%	BEALLS Marshalls. ROSS DRESS FOR LESS.
Financial institutions	101	4%	Bankof America Key Bank Her BLOCK
Fitness facilities	37	3%	Planet fitness Finess.
Sporting and footwear	24	2%	SPORTS DICK'S Dunhan'S SHOE SHOW
Dollar stores	16	1%	DOLLAR GENERAL FAMILY POLLAR
Liquor stores	23	1%	Winn Dixie WINE & SPIRITS WINE WORLD Switt's
Pharmacies	11	1%	Walgreens Pharmacy
Total	1,312	100%	

⁽¹⁾ All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

The REIT's portfolio of tenants is a diversified mix of leading grocers, national brands and strong regional performers complemented by local operators providing needed services and goods to their local communities. These retailers provide significant non-discretionary e-commerce defensive goods. The REIT's properties, which are located in well-established neighborhoods, allow grocery-anchored property real estate and economics of last mile delivery to be viable.

Anchor tenants

The REIT endeavors to own properties with anchors who are dominant in their respective regions in terms of operational scale and sales. Accordingly, the REIT's anchor tenants are often either the first or second dominant store in their respective area in terms of market share. The following table identifies the REIT's largest anchor tenants including their annual minimum rent, the number of stores, GLA as a percentage of the total portfolio and the percentage of base rent. Walmart Inc. represents the REIT's largest tenant by base rent with a total of 8 stores and 7.7% of base rents.

The largest 15 tenants account for 47.7% of total GLA and 38.8% of base rent as follows:

Parent company	Store brands	Grocery	Stores	% GLA	Ва	se rent	% Base rent
Walmart Inc.	Wal-Mart, Sams Club	Υ	8	11.9%	\$	8,549	7.7%
The Kroger Co.	Kroger, Pick 'n Save, Harris Teeter	Υ	18	9.7%		6,496	5.8%
Publix Supermarkets	Publix	Υ	12	5.0%		4,492	4.0%
Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize N.V.	Stop & Shop, GIANT, Food Lion, Hannaford	Υ	5	2.8%		4,331	3.9%
Southeastern Grocers	Winn Dixie, BI-LO	Υ	10	4.2%		3,912	3.5%
SuperValu Inc.	Various (1)	Υ	7	3.4%		3,885	3.6%
Coborn's Inc.	CashWise	Υ	2	1.1%		1,934	1.7%
Albertsons	Jewel-Osco, Safeway	Υ	4	2.3%		1,786	1.6%
Alex Lee Inc.	Lowes Foods	Υ	3	1.3%		1,683	1.5%
Beall's, Inc	Bealls, Burkes Outlet	N	4	1.3%		1,251	1.1%
Schnuck Markets, Inc.	Schnucks	Υ	2	1.1%		1,099	1.0%
TJX Companies	Marshalls, T.J. Maxx	N	4	1.0%		1,050	0.9%
Dollar Tree Inc.	Dollar Tree, Family Dollar	N	10	0.9%		969	0.9%
The Fresh Market, Inc.	The Fresh Market	Υ	4	0.8%		944	0.8%
Planet Fitness	Planet Fitness	N	6	0.9%		921	0.8%
Total			99	47.7%	\$	43,302	38.8%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{(1)}}$ Store brands include Cub Foods, County Market, Shop 'n Save and Rainbow Foods.

Development

The REIT's redevelopment program is focused on growing income and unlocking value by revitalizing tenant uses and creating a better customer experience at select properties. Redevelopment is generally considered to begin when activities that change the condition of the property commence. Redevelopment ceases when the asset is in the condition and has the capability of operating in the manner intended, which is generally at cessation of construction and tenanting. For purposes of reporting same-property NOI, redevelopment assets are excluded from the same-property portfolio in the period in which they are re-classified as a redevelopment property and are excluded until they are operating as intended in all of both the current and comparative periods. The carrying value of redevelopment properties includes the acquisition cost of property and direct redevelopment costs attributed to the project. The REIT does not capitalize interest for its projects under development. To date, redevelopment spend has been funded by cash from operations. Interest expense is recognized as incurred in income which is not comparable to other REITs or other corporations that capitalize interest.

The REIT has classified the following properties as redevelopment properties:

	Nature of	Expected		timated emental	Yield on	Pre-leased	Estimated investment					
Property	redevelopment	completion	1	NOI (1)	cost	percentage	Incurred		Remaining		Total	
Buckeye Plaza	Anchor repositioning	Q4 2018	\$	255	88.8%	100%	\$	37	\$ 25	50 \$	287	
County Line Plaza	Anchor repositioning	Q4 2018		571	18.9%	100%		2,998		_	2,998	
Hocking Valley Mall	Anchor repositioning	Q1 2019		741	6.1%	94%		11,010	1,49	95	12,505	
North Summit Square	Anchor repositioning	Q2 2019		410	32.6%	100%		312	94	14	1,256	
Mulberry Square	Outparcel development	Q1 2020		188	4.6%	- %		221	7,98	39	8,210	
Springboro Plaza	Junior anchor repositioning	Planning stages		537	25.9%	- %		4	2,06	67	2,071	
Total			\$	2,702	11.8%		\$	14,582	\$ 12,74	5 \$	27,327	

⁽¹⁾ Calculated on a trailing twelve month basis as of September 30, 2018.

Redevelopment capital spent during the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Three months ended September 30	Nine months ended September 30, 2018		
County Line Plaza	\$ 517	\$ 1,604		
Hocking Valley Mall	3,645	6,796		
Other redevelopment costs (1)	34	874		
Total	\$ 4,196	\$ 9,274		

⁽¹⁾ Other redevelopment costs relate to new outparcel development as well as other planning and work completed in the planning stages for redevelopment projects.

Buckeye Plaza is a neighborhood shopping center located in a densely-populated trade area in close proximity to downtown Cleveland. In March 2017, a termination agreement was reached with the grocery-anchor tenant Giant Eagle who occupied 47.3% of the GLA. The termination agreement was part of a longer-term strategy to re-tenant the Giant Eagle space who had given notice they were not going to extend beyond their 2018 expiry. In September 2017, the REIT executed on a new lease with another grocer on a long-term basis which management believes will drive traffic at the center. The termination payment from Giant Eagle was in excess of the capital required to re-tenant the former Giant Eagle space. While the total revenue resulting from the redevelopment is insignificant relative to the portfolio as a whole, we believe it highlights the importance of management's disciplined approach to finding real estate that will be highly sought after by a wide variety of grocery-anchor tenants over the long run. The new tenant is in and operating with the grand opening taking place in the fourth quarter of 2018.

County Line is a well located, former grocery-anchored center in the Philadelphia MSA. The previous grocer vacated the location due to its parent company's bankruptcy. The REIT has finalized a 15 year lease with The Edge Fitness Clubs for 35,394 square feet. Management invested \$3.0 million and completed the work in the third quarter of 2018. The redevelopment significantly increased the weighted average term and resulted in a 47% increase in base rent relative to what the former grocer was paying prior to termination.

North Summit Square is a 224,530 square foot shopping centre anchored by Sam's Club and shadow anchored by Lowes's Home Improvement. The center is located in one of the premier retail nodes in Winston-Salem North Carolina and has close proximity to Wake Forest University. In June 2017 management strategically terminated the lease of a 36,862 square foot junior anchor tenant that was paying below market rates. The REIT has now finalized a 10 year lease with Urban Air Adventure Park to backfill the junior anchor space. The lease will result in a \$58 thousand spread annually over base rental rates paid by the previous tenant. Rent commencement is targeted for the second quarter of 2019.

Hocking Valley is a 181,863 square foot centre located in Lancaster, Ohio, which is anchored by The Kroger Co. in a previously existing 55,160 square foot store layout. The REIT has undertaken a redevelopment of the property in order to expand the existing Kroger format into their new larger format store, characterized by 100,000 plus square foot formats containing multiple departments in addition to a full-service grocer, including pharmacy, health and beauty care, home furnishings, bed and bath, and toys and apparel. The new layout would feature dedicated pharmacy with drive-through and grocery pick-up lanes (Kroger Grocery Pickup), under a 20-year ground lease. The REIT expects to invest \$12.5 million of capital in order to complete the redevelopment by early 2019. At September 30, 2018, \$11.0 million has been spent with an estimated \$1.5 million remaining. The REIT has completed the demolition of the Kmart space and the three adjacent inline tenants. Kroger completed the construction of their store in December 2017 and have reported strong initial sales.

The REIT has completed the remaining redevelopment work which included an updated façade, new parking lot and lighting, a new pylon sign and the backfill of the existing Kroger box. Lease negotiations have been finalized with HomeGoods, an investment grade company and subsidiary of TJX Companies, and PetSmart for the prior Kroger space at significant spreads to Kroger's previous rental rates. HomeGoods and PetSmart will be completed in the third quarter of 2018 and will open in the fourth quarter of 2018.

Mulberry Square is a 146,730 square foot center in the Cincinnati MSA which is anchored by a 56,634 square foot Kroger. The REIT is in negotiations with one national junior anchor tenant for a 20,300 square foot ground-up development on excess land at the property and is also working to expand an existing junior anchor tenant at the center by an incremental 7,500 square feet. This leasing activity will increase the weighted average lease term, afford management the ability to increase rental rates on the inline tenants upon lease rollover and improve the overall tenant mix at the center.

Springboro Plaza is a well-established community shopping center anchored by a 56,634 square foot Kroger. The Kroger Co. approached the REIT about the possibility of taking over the existing 91,266 square foot former Kmart unit and building an approximately 100,000 square foot Kroger Marketplace store. Management is working through initial stages of due diligence to determine feasibility with the potential to start construction in 2020.

The REIT agreed to acquire Windmill Plaza, a grocery-anchored shopping center located in Sterling Heights, Michigan, in a joint-venture partnership with The Kroger Company. The REIT is planning to invest an additional \$5.7 million to redevelop the property and will include a 25 year ground lease with Kroger as the anchor tenant. The redevelopment project will include a 129,000 square foot Kroger Marketplace, an improved inline façade and a completely redesigned parking lot, landscaping and lighting system. The REIT expects the acquisition to close in the fourth quarter of 2018.

IFRS FAIR VALUE

The REIT's property portfolio at September 30, 2018 had an estimated IFRS fair value of \$1.4 billion, with a weighted average capitalization rate of 7.36%. Overall, the average estimated IFRS value per square foot of the REIT's portfolio is \$130.

The following table presents a summary of the capitalization rates used to estimate the fair value of the REIT's properties at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Direct capitalization rates	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Minimum	6.25%	6.25%
Maximum	10.00%	9.50%
Weighted average	7.36%	7.25%

The September 30, 2018 weighted average capitalization rate increased to 7.36% from 7.25% at December 31, 2017. The increase in capitalization rates is primarily due to changes in buyer demand in the retail real estate sector. This was partially offset by decreases in capitalization rates driven by value-add asset management activities including anchor tenant renewals, improved credit, higher occupancy and capital spend.

The fair value of properties is measured individually without consideration to their aggregate value on a portfolio basis. No consideration is given to diversification benefits related to single property tenant risk and geography, the value of assembling a portfolio or to the utilization of a common management platform, amongst other benefits. As a result, the fair value of the REIT's properties taken in aggregate may differ from the fair value of properties measured individually in the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

The change in properties is as follows:

	Three months ended	d September 30,	Nine months ended	d September 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Beginning of the period	\$ 1,425,074	\$ 1,176,620	\$ 1,454,463	\$ 1,072,923
Acquisitions	21,087	242,895	21,087	348,638
Capital	2,406	1,431	4,158	2,897
Leasing costs	783	596	2,250	917
Tenant improvements	1,834	886	6,139	1,359
Development and expansion capital	4,196	962	9,274	5,183
Straight-line rent	448	367	2,241	1,407
Dispositions	(22,530)	(2,350)	(42,740)	(15,085)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	4,574	3,784	(4,670)	(2,431)
Change in fair value	(18,937)	(1,142)	(33,267)	8,241
End of the period	\$ 1,418,935	\$ 1,424,049	\$ 1,418,935	\$ 1,424,049

The fair value of the REIT's properties and properties under redevelopment for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Properties	es under elopment	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 1,387,660	\$ 66,803	\$ 1,454,463
Acquisitions	21,087	_	21,087
Capital	3,771	387	4,158
Leasing costs	2,004	246	2,250
Tenant improvements	6,071	68	6,139
Development and expansion capital	29	9,245	9,274
Straight-line rent	1,728	513	2,241
Dispositions	(42,740)	_	(42,740)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(4,061)	(609)	(4,670)
Change in properties (1)	(29,055)	(4,212)	(33,267)
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 1,346,494	\$ 72,441	\$ 1,418,935

⁽¹⁾ Change in properties include acquisitions, capital, leasing costs, tenant improvements, redevelopment spend, straight-line rent adjustments, dispositions, IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment, and change in fair value.

During the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT incurred \$5.0 million of capital, leasing and tenant improvement costs. Such costs are generally expended for purposes of tenanting and renewing existing leases, which maintain and create value at the REIT's properties and the portfolio as a whole by increasing contractual cash flow through new and extended leases. The REIT will continue to capitalize on opportunities to revitalize, undertake space improvements and generally maintain the high quality of the properties and tenants, such as the programs undertaken at Buckeye Plaza, County Line Plaza, both of which are expected for completion in the 2018 year, and Hocking Valley and North Summit Square, both of which are expected to be completed in 2019. These expenditures can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expiries, re-leasing and management's capital plan for the period.

Fair value adjustments on properties

For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT recorded a fair value loss on properties of \$18.9 million, mainly related to valuation parameters and cash flows and IFRS 21 property tax adjustments. The fair value loss on properties of \$33.3 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 is due to valuation parameters and cash flows and adjustments for straight-line rent.

The following table presents the impact of certain accounting adjustments on the fair value loss recorded versus management's estimate of future cash flows and valuation assumptions:

	Three r	months ended	d Septe	ember 30,	Nine months ended September 30					
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Valuation parameters and cash flows	\$	(13,293)	\$	7,049	\$	(35,074)	\$	13,195		
Transaction costs capitalized		(622)		(4,040)		(622)		(5,978)		
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment		(4,574)		(3,784)		4,670		2,431		
Adjusted for straight-line rent		(448)		(367)		(2,241)		(1,407)		
Total	\$	(18,937)	\$	(1,142)	\$	(33,267)	\$	8,241		

The fair value change of properties is impacted by IFRIC 21 property tax adjustments recorded on the REIT's portfolio. For acquisition purposes the REIT determines the obligating event for property taxes is ownership of the property on January 1st of the fiscal year. As a result, the annual property tax liability and expense has been recognized on the properties owned on January 1st of each year, with a corresponding increase to the fair value of properties that is reversed as the liability is settled through property tax installments.

The change in fair value of properties recorded in income excludes the impact of tenanting and leasing costs, landlord work, and development and expansion capital, not all of which are additive to value but are directly capitalized to the property.

STRATEGIC ACQUISITION LOANS

Management has identified, in consultation with certain of its existing tenants, non-grocery-anchored retail properties that have the potential for a conversion to grocery-anchored retail malls. These acquisition targets are primarily characterized by under-managed properties, often with undercapitalized owners, where the opportunity exists to re-imagine and modernize the asset. This conversion opportunity involves bringing a current grocery store format and size to the property coupled with improvements and re-tenanting of the shop space.

The REIT has undertaken an arrangement to take advantage of these opportunities in conjunction with a U.S. based entity in which Slate has a significant interest. These loans will provide the REIT with the opportunity to earn an 8% return on the capital committed, establish a pipeline of new format grocery-anchored retail assets, strengthen its relationships with tenants as a strategic partner, and limits the risk to the REIT of an unsuccessful conversion and development of an asset from its current format to a modern format and size grocery-anchored retail mall.

Under this arrangement, the REIT has the option to provide loans, secured by the properties, to an entity in which Slate has a significant interest, whereby Slate will undertake the acquisition and conversion of the assets to grocery-anchored retail malls. In cases where the REIT provides a loan in respect of a conversion property it will earn an 8% return on the amount advanced and will, in turn, have the ability, but not the obligation, to purchase the property upon conversion of the property to a grocery-anchored retail mall. Additionally, prior to Slate purchasing any property, the REIT has the right of first refusal to purchase the property and undertake the conversion itself.

The loan, originally advanced in October 2015 in the amount of \$7.7 million, had a balance of \$9.4 million at September 30, 2018, bears interest at 8.0% and matures on October 19, 2020. On March 6, 2017 and August 24, 2017, the REIT advanced an additional \$1.2 million and \$0.5 million under the loan arrangement, respectively. This loan is recorded as a note receivable within the other assets account balance on the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

The REIT has agreed to acquire Windmill Plaza, a grocery-anchored shopping center located in Sterling Heights, Michigan and will settle the loan as part of consideration for the property. Windmill Plaza will be acquired in a 50% joint-venture partnership with The Kroger Company for \$6.9 million, before transaction costs. The REIT is planning to invest an additional \$5.7 million to redevelop the property and will include a 25 year ground lease with Kroger as the anchor tenant. The redevelopment project will include a 129,000 square foot Kroger Marketplace, an improved inline façade and a completely redesigned parking lot, landscaping and lighting system. The REIT expects the acquisition to close in the fourth quarter of 2018.

PART III - RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SUMMARY OF SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The selected quarterly information highlights performance over the most recently completed eight quarters and is reflective of the timing of acquisitions, leasing and maintenance expenditures. Similarly, debt reflects financing activities related to acquisitions which serve to increase AFFO in the future, as well as ongoing financing activities for the existing portfolio. Accordingly, rental revenue, NOI, NAV, FFO and AFFO are reflective of changes in the underlying income-producing asset base and changing leverage.

Quarter ended		Q3 2018		Q2 2018		Q1 2018		Q4 2017		Q3 2017		Q2 2017		Q1 2017		Q4 2016
Rental revenue	\$	35,699	\$	35,669	\$	36,544	\$	34,859	\$	30,030	\$	26,614	\$	27,233	\$	25,044
Property operating expenses (1)		(5,126)		(5,117)		(24,519)		(5,357)		(3,988)		(3,532)		(16,907)		(3,771)
Straight-line rent revenue		(448)		(658)		(1,135)		(523)		(367)		(639)		(401)		(287)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment (1)		(4,574)		(4,590)		13,834		(4,387)		(3,784)		(3,271)		9,486		(3,055)
NOI	\$	25,551	\$	25,304	\$	24,724	\$	24,592	\$	21,891	\$	19,172	\$	19,411	\$	17,931
Class U units outstanding		45,674		46,031		46,261		46,411		46,340		46,291		41,031		35,456
WA units		45,489		46,153		46,479		46,443		46,372		42,832		39,847		35,494
Net (loss) income	\$	(1,024)	\$	(14,201)	\$	26,703	\$	31,421	\$	(8,816)	\$	16,049	\$	8,652	\$	(12,397)
Net (loss) income per	Φ.	(0.00)	Φ	(0.04)	Φ.	0.57	Φ.	0.00	Φ.	(0.40)	Φ.	0.07	Φ.	0.00	Φ	(0.05)
WA unit	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.31)	\$	0.57	\$	0.68	\$	(0.19)	\$	0.37	\$	0.22	\$	(0.35)
IFRS NAV	\$	565,720	\$	580,742	\$	580,345	\$	593,066	\$	606,235	\$	597,403	\$	541,819	\$	473,804
IFRS NAV per unit	\$	12.39	\$	12.62	\$	12.55	\$	12.78	\$	13.08	\$	12.91	\$	13.21	\$	13.36
	*		Ψ		*		*		*		*		*		*	
Distributions	\$	9,627	\$	9,670	\$	9,742	\$	9,625	\$	9,381	\$	9,018	\$	8,308	\$	7,179
Distributions per unit	\$	0.2100	\$	0.2100	\$	0.2100	\$	0.2075	\$	0.2025	\$	0.2025	\$	0.2025	\$	0.2025
FFO (2)	\$	14,469	\$	14,542	\$	15,227	\$	15,406	\$	14,448	\$	12,741	\$	12,859	\$	8,688
FFO per WA units (2)	\$	0.32	\$	0.32	\$	0.33	\$	0.33	\$	0.31	\$	0.30	\$	0.32	\$	0.24
AFFO (2)	\$	8,998	\$	9,465	\$	10,987	\$	11,360	\$	11,168	\$	10,713	\$	11,587	\$	7,110
AFFO per WA units (2)	\$	0.20	\$	0.21	\$	0.24	\$	0.24	\$	0.24	\$	0.25	\$	0.29	\$	0.20
Total accets	¢	1 470 000	φ,	1 474 077	¢	1 170 206	¢	1 400 510	¢	1 176 651	¢1	,225,065	¢.	1,158,102	фı	114 606
Total assets Debt	\$ \$	1,472,898 875,227	φ \$	1,474,077 864,051	\$	1,478,396 872,263	\$	1,499,519 883,046	\$	1,476,651 846,325		608,035	\$	597,787		,114,606 624,892
Debt / GBV	φ	59.4%	_	58.6%	_	59.0%	,	58.9%	,	57.3%		49.6%	•	51.6%		56.1%
Debt / GBV		39.4 /)	30.0 /0		39.0 /)	30.9 /0		31.370		49.0 /)	31.07		30.176
Number of properties		86		86		86		86		84		73		71		69
% leased		94.3%)	93.9%		93.7%)	93.7%		92.6%		91.7%)	93.2%		93.5%
GLA (in millions)	1	0,897,059	1	1,060,145	1	1,067,372	1	1,156,474	1	0,850,708	ć	,141,538	8	3,513,110	8	,335,625
Grocery-anchored GLA		5,198,055		5,159,693		5,159,693		5,159,693		4,887,294	4	,162,756	_ (3,968,924	_3	,909,716

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties on January 1st, rather than progressively, i.e. ratably, throughout the year.

⁽²⁾ In the fourth quarter of 2016, the REIT completed a defeasance of a mortgage at a cost of \$4.5 million representing the excess of the U.S. Treasury securities required to be funded over the outstanding principal balance of the mortgage. A \$2.8 million charge to income was recorded which was determined as the \$4.5 million cost, less \$1.7 million, representing the unamortized mark-to-market premium associated with the mortgage. Adjusting to exclude the impact of the defeasance of a mortgage, FFO and FFO payout ratio would be \$0.32 per unit and 62.3%, respectively and AFFO and AFFO payout ratio would be \$0.28 and 72.2%, respectively.

REVENUE

Revenue from properties includes base rent from tenants, straight-line rental income, property tax and operating cost recoveries and other incidental income.

Rental revenue for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 increased by \$5.7 million compared to the prior year quarter. The increase is primarily due to incremental rental revenue associated with three properties acquired in the prior year, which are providing a full period of contributions in the current period, increases in rental rates from re-leasing, and new leasing typically above in-place rent, partially offset by the impact of a loss in revenue contribution from the disposition of one property and eight outparcels at certain properties since September 30, 2017.

Southeastern Grocers, LLC

On May 31, 2018, Southeastern Grocers, LLC ("SEG"), the parent of Winn-Dixie, BI-LO, Fresco y Más and Harveys Supermarket grocery stores successfully emerged from its restructuring previously announced on March 15, 2018. As a result of the Restructuring Support Agreement ("RSA") entered by SEG, the REIT entered into lease amendments with SEG to modify the terms of certain existing leases of the REIT, effective upon SEG's successful emergence from its restructuring. The impact of the lease amendments included minor rent reductions at 6 of the REIT's 10 properties, which the REIT expects to be \$0.4 million in rental revenue during 2018 and \$0.7 million in 2019, in return for lease term modifications and certain minimum investments to improve or upgrade the existing format at the REIT's properties. For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the rent reductions had an impact of \$0.2 million. On a three month same-property NOI basis year-over-year and trailing twelve month basis, the rent reductions resulted in a \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million lower NOI, respectively.

PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES

Property operating expenses consist of property taxes, property management fees and other expenses including common area costs, utilities and insurance. The majority of the REIT's operating expenses are recoverable from tenants in accordance with the terms of their respective lease agreements. Operating expenses fluctuate with changes in occupancy and levels of repairs and maintenance.

Property operating expenses increased by \$1.9 million and \$8.1 million for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018, respectively. The increase is primarily due to the application of IFRIC 21 property tax adjustments and incremental costs associated with properties acquired from the prior year, partially offset by the disposition of one property and eight outparcels at certain properties from September 30, 2017.

In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties as at January 1st of each year, rather than progressively, i.e. ratably, throughout the year. The recognition of property taxes as a result of IFRIC 21 has no impact on NOI, FFO or AFFO.

OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses include fees for asset management, legal, trustee services, tax compliance, reporting, marketing, bad debt expenses and franchise and business taxes. Franchise and business taxes are typically billed in the following calendar year to which they relate.

	Three m	onths ended Se	eptember 30,	Nine months ended Septemb				
	2018	2017	Variance	2018	2017	Variance		
Asset management fees	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,235	\$ 252	\$ 4,440	\$ 3,489	\$ 951		
Professional fees and other	753	596	157	2,118	1,803	315		
Bad debt expense	234	110	124	799	336	463		
Franchise and business taxes	191	(61)	252	409	398	11		
Total	\$ 2,665	\$ 1,880	\$ 785	\$ 7,766	\$ 6,026	\$ 1,740		
% of total assets	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	0.4%	0.1%		
% of total revenue	7.5%	6.3%	1.2%	7.2%	7.2%	-%		

Other expenses for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018 increased by \$0.8 million and \$1.7 million respectively, from the comparative quarter in 2017. The increase in asset management fees and professional fees and other are mainly due to the acquisition of three properties, partially offset by the impact of a loss in contribution from the disposition of one property and eight outparcels at certain properties from September 30, 2017.

INTEREST EXPENSE AND OTHER FINANCING COSTS, NET

	Three months ended September 30,					ber 30,	Nine mo	onth	s ended Se	epter	nber 30,
		2018		2017	Va	ariance	2018		2017	_\	/ariance
Interest on debt and finance charges	\$	9,193	\$	5,947	\$	3,246	\$ 26,822	\$	15,473	\$	11,349
Interest rate swaps, net settlement		(532)		(83)		(449)	(1,549)		218		(1,767)
Interest income		(27)		(19)		(8)	(72)		(52)		(20)
Interest income on notes receivable		(189)		(184)		(5)	(562)		(519)		(43)
Amortization of finance charges		511		369		142	1,457		988		469
Amortization of mark-to-market premium		(89)		(88)		(1)	(261)		(260)		(1)
Interest income on TIF notes receivable		(24)		(29)		5	(75)		(90)		15
Interest expense on TIF notes payable		44		39		5	122		115		7
Amortization of deferred gain on TIF notes		(22)		(22)		_	(66)		(66)		_
Total	\$	8,865	\$	5,930	\$	2,935	\$ 25,816	\$	15,807	\$	10,009

Interest expense and other finance costs, net consists of interest paid on the revolving credit facility ("revolver"), term loans, mortgages and interest rate swap contracts, as well as standby fees paid on the REIT's revolver.

Interest on debt increased by \$3.2 million and \$11.3 million for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018, respectively, compared to the same period in 2017. The increase is primarily due to advances on the revolver for the acquisition of certain properties and increased costs of the REIT's floating rate debt driven by higher one-month U.S. LIBOR rates over the comparative quarter. One-month U.S. LIBOR at September 30, 2017 was 1.24%, increasing to 2.26% at September 30, 2018. This increase was partially offset by periods of lower indebtedness from \$41.0 million in repayments from the disposition of property outparcels and one property from the third quarter of 2017 and cash on hand. The REIT's revolver is redrawn from time-to-time to fund acquisitions. Over the past 12 months, the REIT has purchased \$48.5 million of property.

The REIT's pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swaps hedge a portion of the cash flow risk associated with one-month U.S. LIBOR based interest payments, with 98.8% of the REIT's debt subject to fixed rates at September 30, 2018. The weighted average fixed rate of the REIT's interest rate swaps was 2.03% compared to the one-month U.S. LIBOR at 2.26% at September 30, 2018 with a weighted average term to maturity of 4.2 years. Under this arrangement, the REIT has received \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million of net interest payments in current quarter and comparative period, respectively. Based on current one-month U.S. LIBOR, the REIT expects to receive \$1.7 million annually.

The REIT does not capitalize interest for its projects under development. To date, redevelopment spend has been funded by cash from operations. Interest expense is recognized as incurred in income which is not comparable to other REITs or other corporations that capitalize interest.

FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS ON REIT UNITS AND EXCHANGEABLE UNITS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Exchangeable units of subsidiaries are classified as financial liabilities under IFRS and are measured at fair value with any changes in fair value recognized in unit expense in the consolidated statements of income. The fair value is re-measured at the end of each reporting period. An unrealized gain represents a decrease in the fair value per unit whereas an unrealized loss represents an increase in the fair value per unit. The fair value per unit on September 30, 2018 was \$9.83 (September 30, 2017 – \$10.75). Changes in fair value of exchangeable units of subsidiaries are non-cash in nature and are required to be recorded in income under IFRS.

Subdivision

The REIT completed various steps to have its units presented as equity in its consolidated financial statements. The changes included the approval of a special resolution of an amendment to and restatement of the Declaration of Trust of the REIT (the "Third A&R DOT") making the features of the class A units, class I units and class U units identical among all three classes, among other things. Also on May 1, 2018, the board of trustees of the REIT approved the subdivision of each of the: (i) class A units issued and outstanding on May 3, 2018 (the "record date") on the basis of a subdivision ratio of one pre-subdivision class A unit for 1.0078 post-subdivision class A units; and (ii) class I units issued and outstanding on the record date on the basis of a subdivision ratio of one pre-subdivision class I unit for 1.0554 class I units (the "Subdivision"). The Third A&R DOT and the Subdivision were undertaken contemporaneously and the impact of such actions did not change the relative economics of the different classes of units of the REIT. Prior to this date, REIT units were classified as financial liabilities under IFRS with changes in fair value recorded in income in the period of change. On May 11, 2018, the fair value of a REIT unit was \$9.93.

The Subdivision was completed on May 11, 2018. As a consequence of the Subdivision, the proportionate entitlement of the class A units and class I units with respect to distributions from the REIT has been adjusted to 1.0 and all class A units, class I units and class U units have equal rights with respect to distributions from the REIT, redemptions of units and on the termination of the REIT. Each class A unit and each class I unit have remained convertible into a class U unit but the conversation ratio is on a one-for-one-basis. The REIT issued an additional 3 thousand class A units and 15 thousand class I units as a result of the Subdivision. The fair value of the REIT units of \$435.3 million at May 11, 2018 were classified as equity.

For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT recognized an unrealized fair value loss of \$0.2 million on the exchangeable units of subsidiaries. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the REIT recognized an unrealized fair value gain of \$19.5 million

and \$1.3 million on the REIT units and exchangeable units of the subsidiaries respectively, as a result of a decrease in fair value per unit from \$10.38 at the 2017 year end.

NET LOSS (INCOME)

The REIT incurred a net loss of \$1.0 million which represented a \$7.8 million increase from the same quarter of the prior year. The increase is attributed to the aforementioned increases in revenue of \$5.7 million and decreases in unit expense due to the classification of REIT units as equity effective May 11, 2018, partially offset by a decrease in the change in fair value of properties of \$17.8 million. Total REIT distributions for the quarter recognized as a decrease to equity was \$9.2 million.

For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 net income was \$11.5 million, which resulted in a \$4.4 million decrease from the comparative period. The decrease is mainly due to the change in fair value of properties of \$41.5 million and increased interest expense and other financing costs of \$10.0 million from the prior period.

NO

NOI is a non-IFRS measure and is defined by the REIT as property rental revenue, excluding non-cash straight-line rent, less property operating expenses after adjusting for the impact of IFRIC 21 property tax accounting adjustments. Rental revenue excludes revenue recorded as a result of recording rent on a straight-line basis for IFRS which management believes reflects the cash generation activity of the REIT's properties. NOI is an important measure of the income generated from the REIT's properties and is used by the REIT in evaluating the performance of its properties. NOI may not be comparable with similar measures presented by other entities and is not to be construed as an alternative to net income or cash flow from operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS.

The following is a calculation of NOI for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018 compared to the same period in the prior year:

	Three	months ended S	September 30,	Nine months ended September 30							
	2018	2017	Variance	2018	2017	Variance					
Rental revenue	\$ 35,699	\$ 30,030	\$ 5,669	\$107,912	\$ 83,877	\$ 24,035					
Straight-line rent revenue	(448)	(367)	(81)	(2,241)	(1,407)	(834)					
Property operating expenses	(5,126)	(3,988)	(1,138)	(34,762)	(24,427)	(10,335)					
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(4,574)	(3,784)	(790)	4,670	2,431	2,239					
NOI	\$ 25,551	\$ 21,891	\$ 3,660	\$ 75,579	\$ 60,474	\$ 15,105					
NOI margin	72.5%	73.8%	(1.3)%	71.5%	73.3%	(1.8)%					

NOI for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018 was \$25.6 million and \$75.6 million respectively, which represents an increase of \$3.7 million and \$15.1 million from the same periods in 2017. The increase is primarily due to incremental rental revenue associated with three properties acquired from the prior year, uplifts in rental rates from re-leasing, and new leasing typically above in-place rent and increases in operating cost and tax recoveries due to portfolio growth. This was partially offset by the impact of a loss in revenue contribution from the disposition of one property and eight outparcels at certain properties from September 30, 2017.

SAME-PROPERTY NOI

Same-property NOI is a non-IFRS measure and is defined by the REIT as rental revenue, excluding non-cash straight-line rent, less property operating cost expenses after adjusting for the impact of IFRIC 21 property tax accounting adjustments for those properties owned by the REIT for the entirety of each of the current period and the relevant comparative period excluding those properties under redevelopment. For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the same-property portfolio is comprised of a portfolio of 65 properties owned and in operation for each of the entire three month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Same-property NOI is an important measure of the income generated from the REIT's properties period-over-period, but without consideration of acquisition and disposition activity, and is used by the REIT in evaluating the performance of its properties. The REIT seeks to increase or maintain same-property NOI through high-occupancy, increasing rents on renewal to market rents and by signing leases with embedded rent increases throughout the term of the lease. For the two most recently completed years, the REIT has achieved positive same-property NOI growth in six of the eight quarters therein.

The following is a summary of same-property NOI and the related occupancy rates for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year, reconciled to total NOI:

	Number of	Thr	ee n	nonths ended	d Sep	otember 30,	
	properties	2018		2017		Variance	% change
Same-property NOI	65	\$ 18,226	\$	17,801	\$	425	2.4%
NOI attributable to redeveloped properties	1	511		450		61	
NOI attributable to properties under redevelopment	6	898		792		106	
NOI attributable to acquisitions	14	5,627		2,085		3,542	
NOI attributable to dispositions, including outparcel sales	9	289		763		(474)	
Total NOI		\$ 25,551	\$	21,891	\$	3,660	16.7%
Occupancy							'
Occupancy, same-property	65	95.8%		95.1%		0.7%	
Occupancy, redeveloped properties	1	91.6%		91.0%		0.6%	
Occupancy, properties under redevelopment	6	83.7%		69.1%		14.6%	
Occupancy, acquisitions	14	93.5%		92.8%		0.7%	
Occupancy, dispositions, including outparcel sales	9	92.5%		92.5%		-%	
Total occupancy		94.3%		92.6%		1.7%	

Same-property NOI increased by \$0.4 million or 2.4% for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 over the comparative period. The increase is primarily attributed to increases in rental rates from re-leasing above average in-place rent of the properties, new leasing above comparable market rental rates and 0.7% increase in occupancy over the comparative period. The current quarter impact of the Winn-Dixie and BI-LO rent reductions at 6 of the REIT's 10 properties, as a result of SEG's successful emergence from restructuring, resulted in a \$0.2 million decrease to same-property NOI. Including the impact of the completion of the North Augusta Plaza anchor redevelopment in the fourth quarter of 2017, same-property NOI increased by 2.7% over the period.

Same-property NOI by quarter and percentage change over the relevant comparative period for the respective quarter is as follows:

	Number of properties	Sar	ne-property NOI	Same-property % change	Same-property % change, excluding termination fees
Q1 2016	40	\$	10,409	(1.0)%	(3.9)%
Q2 2016	41		11,101	(1.0)%	(1.3)%
Q3 2016	49		13,791	0.7 %	0.9 %
Q4 2016	49		15,229	2.5 %	2.0 %
Q1 2017	56		16,187	4.5 %	2.4 %
Q2 2017	56		15,980	1.5 %	0.9 %
Q3 2017	56		15,304	0.9 %	0.9 %
Q4 2017	57		15,477	(1.7)%	(1.3)%
Q1 2018	62		16,555	(1.2)%	(0.8)%
Q2 2018	64		17,403	0.6 %	0.3 %
Q3 2018	65		18,226	2.4 %	1.4 %

Termination income is included in the REIT's definition of same-property NOI, however, can be substantial and does not occur frequently. The following is a table summarizing same-property NOI growth excluding the impact of terminations fees:

Same-property NOI growth, year-over-year



The following is a summary of same-property NOI and the related occupancy rates on a trailing twelve month basis as at September 30, 2018, as compared to the same period in the prior year reconciled to total NOI:

	Number of	Traili	ng twelve month	s, September 30,	
	properties	2018	2017	Variance	% change
Same-property NOI	56	\$ 61,308	\$ 61,427	\$ (119)	(0.2)%
NOI attributable to redeveloped properties	1	2,506	1,096	1,410	
NOI attributable to properties under redevelopment	6	3,213	4,550	(1,337)	
NOI attributable to acquisitions	23	31,925	8,984	22,941	
NOI attributable to dispositions, including outparcel sales	7	1,178	2,348	(1,170)	
Total NOI		\$ 100,130	\$ 78,405	\$ 21,725	27.7 %
Occupancy					
Occupancy, same-property	56	95.8%	95.1%	0.7%	
Occupancy, redeveloped properties	1	91.6%	91.0%	0.6%	
Occupancy, properties under redevelopment	6	83.7%	69.1%	14.6%	
Occupancy, acquisitions	23	94.5%	94.3%	0.2%	
Occupancy, dispositions, including outparcel sales	7	92.5%	92.5%	-%	
Total occupancy		94.3%	92.6%	1.7%	

Same-property NOI decreased by \$0.1 million or 0.2% for the trailing twelve month period ended September 30, 2018 over the same period in the prior year. This is primarily due to free rent of \$0.4 million for Stop & Shop at Waterbury Plaza from December 2017 to March 2018 and the \$0.2 million decrease to same-property NOI as a result of the Winn-Dixie and BI-LO rent reductions due to SEG's successful emergence from restructuring, partially offset by increases in rental rates from re-leasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates. Including the impact of the completion of the North Augusta Plaza anchor redevelopment in the fourth quarter of 2017, same-property NOI increased by 2.1% over the period.

FFO

FFO is a non-IFRS measure and real estate industry standard for evaluating operating performance. The REIT calculates FFO in accordance with the definition provided by the REALPAC in its White Paper on FFO and AFFO for IFRS, as revised in February 2017. FFO is an important measure of the operating performance of REITs and is used by the REIT in evaluating the combined performance of its operations and the impact of its capital structure.

In calculating FFO, the REIT makes adjustments to the change in the fair value of properties, deferred income taxes, unit expense (income) and IFRIC 21 accounting related adjustments.

The following is a reconciliation of net (loss) income to FFO:

	Three months ended September 30						Nine months ended September 30,					
	201	8	2017	Va	ariance		2018		2017	V	ariance	
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,02	4) \$	(8,816)	\$	7,792	\$	11,478	\$	15,885	\$	(4,407)	
Acquisition and disposition costs	75	6	187		569		1,626		631		995	
Change in fair value of properties	18,93	7	1,142		17,795		33,267		(8,241)		41,508	
Deferred income taxes	(32	5)	5,827		(6,152)		202		15,772		(15,570)	
Unit expense (income)	69	9	19,892	((19,193)		(7,005)		13,570		(20,575)	
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(4,57	4)	(3,784)		(790)		4,670		2,431		2,239	
FFO	\$ 14,46	9 \$	14,448	\$	21	\$	44,238	\$	40,048	\$	4,190	
FFO per WA unit	\$ 0.3	2 \$	0.31	\$	0.01	\$	0.96	\$	0.93	\$	0.03	
WA number of units outstanding	45,48	9	46,372		(883)		45,868		43,041		2,827	

The following is a calculation of FFO from NOI:

	Three months ended September 30,							Nine months ended September 30,					
	2018		2017	Va	ariance		2018		2017	V	ariance		
NOI	\$ 25,551	\$	21,891	\$	3,660	\$	75,579	\$	60,474	\$	15,105		
Straight-line rent revenue	448		367		81		2,241		1,407		834		
Other expenses	(2,665)		(1,880)		(785)		(7,766)		(6,026)		(1,740)		
Cash interest, net (1)	(8,443)		(5,649)		(2,794)		(24,620)	((15,079)		(9,541)		
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(422)		(281)		(141)		(1,196)		(728)		(468)		
FFO	\$ 14,469	\$	14,448	\$	21	\$	44,238	\$	40,048	\$	4,190		

⁽¹⁾ Cash interest, net is comprised of total interest expense less amortization of finance charges and mark-to-market adjustments.

FFO for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 increased by \$21 thousand compared to the same quarter in the prior year. FFO for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 was \$44.2 million which represents a \$4.2 million increase from the comparative period. The primary reason for the increases is due to the aforementioned increases in NOI, partially offset by increases in interest cash paid, professional fees and bad debt expense, and the loss of NOI contribution from the sale of one property and 8 outparcels at certain properties from September 30, 2017.

AFFO

AFFO is a non-IFRS measure that is used by management of the REIT, certain of the real estate industry and investors to measure recurring cash flows, including certain capital costs, leasing costs, tenant improvements and the impact of non-cash revenue. As described above, the REIT calculates AFFO as FFO adjusted for capital expenditures, leasing costs, tenant improvements and straight-line rent. The REIT's calculation is consistent with AFFO as calculated by REALPAC in its White Paper on FFO and AFFO for IFRS, as revised in February 2017. However, the REIT uses AFFO as a cash flow measure and considers it a meaningful measure used to evaluate the cash available for distribution to unitholders, while REALPAC considers AFFO as a recurring economic earnings measure. Accordingly, the REIT's use and calculation of AFFO may be different than the use or as disclosed by other businesses, and as a result, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by others.

The following is a reconciliation of cash flow from operations as included in the REIT's consolidated cash flow statement to AFFO:

	Three	months ended	September 30,	Nine m	onths ended Se	eptember 30,
	2018	2017	Variance	2018	2017	Variance
Cash flow from operations	\$ 13,023	\$ 9,888	\$ 3,135	\$ 48,758	\$ 35,959	\$ 12,799
Changes in non-cash working capital items	446	4,072	(3,626)	(7,844)	2,167	(10,011)
Acquisition and disposition costs	756	187	569	1,626	631	995
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(422	(281)	(141)	(1,196)	(728)	(468)
Interest, net and TIF note adjustments	218	215	3	653	612	41
Capital	(2,406	(1,431)	(975)	(4,158)	(2,897)	(1,261)
Leasing costs	(783	(596)	(187)	(2,250)	(917)	(1,333)
Tenant improvements	(1,834	(886)	(948)	(6,139)	(1,359)	(4,780)
AFFO	\$ 8,998	\$ 11,168	\$ (2,170)	\$ 29,450	\$ 33,468	\$ (4,018)

In calculating AFFO, the REIT makes adjustments to FFO for certain items including capital, leasing costs, tenant improvements and straight-line rental revenue.

The following is a reconciliation of FFO to AFFO:

	Three mo	onths	ended Se	epten	nber 30,	Nine mo	onth	s ended Se	ended September 30,		
	2018		2017	٧	ariance	2018		2017	٧	ariance	
FFO	\$ 14,469	\$	14,448	\$	21	\$ 44,238	\$	40,048	\$	4,190	
Straight-line rental revenue	(448)		(367)		(81)	(2,241)		(1,407)		(834)	
Capital	(2,406)		(1,431)		(975)	(4,158)		(2,897)		(1,261)	
Leasing costs	(783)		(596)		(187)	(2,250)		(917)		(1,333)	
Tenant improvements	(1,834)		(886)		(948)	(6,139)		(1,359)		(4,780)	
AFFO	\$ 8,998	\$	11,168	\$	(2,170)	\$ 29,450	\$	33,468	\$	(4,018)	
AFFO per WA unit	\$ 0.20	\$	0.24	\$	(0.04)	\$ 0.64	\$	0.78	\$	(0.14)	
WA number of units outstanding	45,489		46,372		(883)	45,868		43,041		2,827	

The following is a reconciliation of net (loss) income to AFFO:

	Three mo	onth	s ended Se	nded September 30,			Nine m	onth	hs ended Septer		nber 30,
	2018		2017	٧	ariance		2018		2017	V	ariance
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,024)	\$	(8,816)	\$	7,792	\$	11,478	\$	15,885	\$	(4,407)
Acquisition and disposition costs	756		187		569		1,626		631		995
Change in fair value of properties	18,937		1,142		17,795		33,267		(8,241)		41,508
Deferred income tax (recovery) expense	(325)		5,827		(6,152)		202		15,772		(15,570)
Unit expense (income)	699		19,892		(19,193)		(7,005)		13,570		(20,575)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(4,574)		(3,784)		(790)		4,670		2,431		2,239
FFO	\$ 14,469	\$	14,448	\$	21	\$	44,238	\$	40,048	\$	4,190
Straight-line rental revenue	(448)		(367)		(81)		(2,241)		(1,407)		(834)
Capital	(2,406)		(1,431)		(975)		(4,158)		(2,897)		(1,261)
Leasing costs	(783)		(596)		(187)		(2,250)		(917)		(1,333)
Tenant improvements	(1,834)		(886)		(948)		(6,139)		(1,359)		(4,780)
AFFO	\$ 8,998	\$	11,168	\$	(2,170)	\$	29,450	\$	33,468	\$	(4,018)

	Three mo	onth	s ended Se	epten	nber 30,	Nine mo	onths ended Septe			nber 30,
	 2018		2017	V	ariance	2018	2017		٧	ariance_
NOI	\$ 25,551	\$	21,891	\$	3,660	\$ 75,579	\$	60,474	\$	15,105
Other expenses	(2,665)		(1,880)		(785)	(7,766)		(6,026)		(1,740)
Cash interest, net (1)	(8,443)		(5,649)		(2,794)	(24,620)		(15,079)		(9,541)
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(422)		(281)		(141)	(1,196)		(728)		(468)
Capital	(2,406)		(1,431)		(975)	(4,158)		(2,897)		(1,261)
Leasing costs	(783)		(596)		(187)	(2,250)		(917)		(1,333)
Tenant improvements	(1,834)		(886)		(948)	(6,139)		(1,359)		(4,780)
AFFO	\$ 8,998	\$	11,168	\$	(2,170)	\$ 29,450	\$	33,468	\$	(4,018)

⁽¹⁾ Cash interest, net is comprised of total interest expense less amortization of finance charges and mark-to-market adjustments.

AFFO was \$9.0 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2018, which represents a \$2.2 million decrease over the same quarter in the prior year, driven primarily by increases in cash interest paid of \$2.8 million over the prior quarter and a \$2.1 million increase in capital, leasing and tenant improvement spend to primarily support new leasing, partially offset by increases in NOI over the comparative period. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, AFFO decreased by \$4.0 million to \$29.5 million over the comparative period. This decrease is due to a \$9.5 million increase in cash interest paid and \$7.4 million increase in capital, leasing and tenant improvement spend.

If the REIT calculated capital, leasing and tenant improvement spend as 10% of NOI in the current quarter, which is representative of the REIT's historical sustaining capital, leasing and tenant improvement costs, the REIT would have a modified AFFO per unit of \$0.25.

Capital improvements may include, but are not limited to, items such as parking lot resurfacing and roof replacements. These items are recorded as part of properties. Tenant improvements, leasing commissions, landlord work and maintenance capital expenditures can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expiries, releasing and management's capital plan for the period. Such costs are generally expended for purposes of tenanting and extending existing leases, which create value at the REIT's properties and the portfolio as a whole by increasing contractual cash flow through new and extended leases. The REIT will continue to capitalize on value-add opportunities to revitalize, undertake space improvements and generally maintain the high quality of the properties and tenants. As a result of the natural variability of such costs, the REIT's calculation of AFFO will be variable when comparing current period results to prior periods.

Capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements

During the third quarter capital improvements were completed across the portfolio. The majority of capital improvements were completed concurrent to leasing at the REIT's properties with the remainder as minor improvements. The remaining leasing costs were generally related to the high volume of new and renewal activity, totaling 66 leases executed. Leasing costs were well spread out across each deal with no one deal representing a large percentage of the total expenditure. Leasing costs to secure new tenants are generally higher than the costs to renew in-place tenants. In addition to property reinvestment, the leasing capital was comprised of fees related to tenant improvement allowances and other direct leasing costs, such as broker commissions and legal costs. To date the REIT has funded capital and leasing costs using cash flows from operations.

DISTRIBUTIONS

The REIT's monthly distribution to unitholders is \$0.07 per class U unit or \$0.84 per class U unit on an annualized basis. Distributions were \$9.6 million and \$29.0 million for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018, respectively. The distribution amount has increased by \$0.2 million and \$2.3 million over the respective comparative periods, primarily due to the 3.7% distribution increase in November 2017, partially offset by 0.9 million units repurchased under the REIT's NCIB program during the period.

On October 30, 2018, the REIT approved the increase of its monthly distribution by 1.8% to U.S.\$0.07125 per unit, or U.S.\$0.855 annually, beginning with its December 2018 distribution. This increase is the fifth consecutive annual distribution increase since the REIT listed its Class U units on the Toronto Stock Exchange in 2014.

Effective March 15, 2018 the REIT elected to suspend its distribution reinvestment plan ("DRIP"), which allowed holders of REIT units to elect to receive their distributions in the form of class U units for holders of class A units, class I units and class U units. The REIT undertook this course of action given the dilutive impact at current market trading levels.

The following table summarizes the REIT's distributions and reconciliation to distributions paid or settled:

	Three m	onths	ended Se	epten	nber 30,	Nine months ended S				September 30,		
	 2018		2017	V	ariance	2018		2017	Va	ariance		
REIT units distributions	\$ _	\$	8,876	\$	(8,876)	\$ 12,342	\$	25,192	\$	(12,850)		
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries distributions	466		505		(39)	1,404		1,515		(111)		
Distributions declared, recorded as an expense	466		9,381		(8,915)	13,746		26,707		(12,961)		
REIT unit distributions, recorded within equity (1)	9,161		_		9,161	15,293		_		15,293		
Total distributions declared	\$ 9,627	\$	9,381	\$	246	\$ 29,039	\$	26,707	\$	2,332		
Add: Distributions payable, beginning of period	2,755		2,620		135	1,838		877		961		
Less: Distributions payable, end of period	(3,197)		(3,128)		(69)	(3,197)		(3,128)		(69)		
Distributions paid or settled	\$ 9,185	\$	8,873	\$	312	\$ 27,680	\$	24,456	\$	3,224		
Paid in cash	\$ 9,185	\$	8,417	\$	768	\$ 26,533	\$	23,595	\$	2,938		
Reinvested in units	\$ 	\$	456	\$	(456)	\$ 1,147	\$	861	\$	286		

⁽¹⁾ Effective May 11, 2018, the class A, class I and class U units of the REIT have been presented within unitholders' equity.

Taxation of distributions

The REIT qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" under the Income Tax Act (Canada). For taxable Canadian resident REIT unitholders, the REIT's distributions were treated as follows for tax purposes for the three most recent years:

Taxation year, on a per dollar of distribution	Return of capital	Capital gains	Other income
2017	44.0%	_	56.0%
2016	35.0%	_	65.0%
2015 (January to May) (1)	45.0%	_	55.0%
2015 (June to December) (1)	39.0%	_	61.0%
2014	48.0%	_	52.0%

⁽¹⁾ The change in return of capital and other income in the 2015 year is due to a deemed year end resulting from the acquisition of net assets of Slate U.S. Opportunity (No. 3) Realty Trust.

FFO payout ratio

The FFO payout ratio is a non-IFRS measure that provides a representation of the distributions generated by the REIT compared to FFO. Management uses this measure on a total and per unit basis to evaluate the REIT's ability to sustain its distributions. The FFO payout ratio is calculated by dividing aggregate distributions made in respect of REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries by FFO during the period of measurement.

The FFO payout ratio was 66.5% for the three month period ended September 30, 2018, representing a 1.6% increase over the same period in the prior year as a result of increased distributions and the disposition of one property and eight outparcels at certain properties, partially offset by FFO growth driven by the acquisition of three properties from September 30, 2017. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the FFO payout ratio decreased by 1.1% over the comparative period to 65.6% due to FFO growth driven by the acquisition properties, partially offset by increased distributions.

The table below illustrates the REIT's cash flow capacity, based on FFO, in comparison to its cash distributions:

	Three	months ende	d Sept	ember 30,	Nine months ended September					
		2018		2017		2018		2017		
FFO	\$	14,469	\$	14,448	\$	44,238	\$	40,048		
Distributions declared (1)		(9,627)		(9,381)		(29,039)		(26,707)		
Excess of FFO over distributions declared	\$	4,842	\$	5,067	\$	15,199	\$	13,341		
FFO payout ratio		66.5%		64.9%		65.6%		66.7 %		

⁽¹⁾ Distributions declared represent distributions on REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries.

On a pro forma basis, using annualized third quarter FFO and the current distribution rate of \$0.07 per month, the FFO payout ratio would be 66.0%.

AFFO payout ratio

The AFFO payout ratio is a non-IFRS measure that provides a representation of the distributions generated by the REIT compared to AFFO. Management uses this measure on a total and per unit basis to evaluate the REIT's ability to sustain its distributions. The AFFO payout ratio is calculated by dividing aggregate distributions made in respect of REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries by AFFO during the period of measurement.

As described above, the REIT's determination of AFFO includes actual capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements, which can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expiries, re-leasing and management's capital plan for the period. As a result of the natural variability of such costs, the REIT's calculation of its AFFO payout ratio will be variable when comparing current period results to prior periods, and accordingly, inherently more volatile than the REIT's FFO payout ratio which does not include such costs. Management targets an AFFO payout ratio between 70% and 80% over time. The actual ratio may from time-to-time be outside of this range.

One of the REIT's key objectives is to maintain a conservative AFFO payout ratio to continue to provide steady and reliable distributions to unitholders. As a result, the REIT is focused on maintaining a policy that provides a high level of certainty that the distribution will be maintained over time. Currently, the REIT's monthly distribution to unitholders was \$0.07 per class U unit or \$0.84 on an annualized basis.

The AFFO payout ratio for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 was 107.0% and 98.6% respectively, which represents a 23.0% and 18.8% increase over the respective comparative periods. On a trailing twelve month basis, the AFFO payout ratio was 94.7%, which represents an 11.2% increase over the same period in the prior year. On a pro forma basis, using annualized third quarter AFFO and the current distribution of \$0.07 per month, the AFFO payout ratio would be 105.0%. However, as described in the discussion concerning AFFO above, AFFO was impacted by higher interest costs and larger than normal leasing costs, which were the result of a high leasing volume and a number of larger leases being renewed. Leasing costs will fluctuate over time based on such factors.

The table below illustrates the REIT's cash flow capacity, based on AFFO, in comparison to its cash distributions:

	Three r	nonths ended	d Sept	ember 30,	Nine months ended September 3				
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
AFFO	\$	8,998	\$	11,168	\$	29,450	\$	33,468	
Distributions declared (1)		(9,627)		(9,381)		(29,039)		(26,707)	
Excess of AFFO over distributions declared	\$	(629)	\$	1,787	\$	411	\$	6,761	
AFFO payout ratio		107.0%		84.0%		98.6%		79.8%	

⁽¹⁾ Distributions declared represent distributions on REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries.

The REIT's distributions declared were in excess of AFFO of \$0.6 million for the three month period ended September 30, 2018. The REIT has maintained a consistent distribution rate despite period over period variances in cash from operating activities.

Impact of interest rate changes

As described above, one of the REIT's key objectives is to maintain a conservative AFFO payout ratio in order to continue to provide steady and reliable distributions to unitholders. Management targets an AFFO payout ratio between 70% and 80% over time. The actual ratio may from time-to-time be outside of this range as a result of operational results, including changes in interest rates, and the timing of capital and leasing costs. Management expects there will be normal deviations from this rate due to timing and natural volatility in the operations of the business. Management evaluates various factors in determining the appropriate distribution policy including estimates of future NOI, near-term grocery-anchor lease turnover, future capital requirements and interest rate changes.

In order to mitigate interest rate risk, the REIT has entered into \$750.0 million notional amount pay-fixed receive-float interest rate swap contracts to hedge the cash flow risk associated with monthly U.S. LIBOR based interest payments on a portion of the REIT's floating rate debt. As a result of the interest rate swaps, 98.8% of the REIT's debt is now subject to fixed rates. The weighted average fixed rate of the REIT's interest rate swaps was 2.03% in comparison to one-month U.S. LIBOR at 2.26% at September 30, 2018 with a weighted average term to maturity of 4.2 years.

The terms of the interest rate swaps are as follows:

							Weighted	Total/ average
Effective date	Nov	ember 2, 2016	Sept	ember 1, 2017	August 22, 2018	August 22, 2018		
Pay-fixed rate		1.104%		1.715%	2.884%	2.925%		2.0257%
Notional amount	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000	\$	750,000
Receive-floating rate	O	ne-month U.S. LIBOR	0	ne-month U.S. LIBOR	One-month U.S. LIBOR	One-month U.S. LIBOR		
Maturity date	Feb	ruary 26, 2021	Septe	mber 22, 2022	August 22, 2023	August 22, 2025		
Remaining term (years)		2.4		3.4	4.9	6.9		4.2

The following table provides a sensitivity analysis of the REIT's AFFO payout ratio and interest coverage ratio to changes in interest rates, both prior to and after the interest rate swap:

			Prior to in	terest rate swaps	After interest rate swaps						
Change in interest rates (bps)	One-month LIBOR	AFFO (1)	AFFO payout ratio	Interest coverage ratio	AFFO (1)	AFFO payout ratio	Interest coverage ratio				
(50)	1.76%	\$ 12,417	77.5%	2.97x	\$ 11,911	80.8%	2.79x				
(25)	2.01%	11,941	80.6%	2.80x	11,904	80.9%	2.78x				
_	2.26%	11,466	84.0%	2.64x	11,898	80.9%	2.78x				
25	2.51%	10,991	87.6%	2.51x	11,891	81.0%	2.78x				
50	2.76%	10,515	91.6%	2.38x	11,885	81.0%	2.78x				
100	3.26%	9,565	100.6%	2.17x	11,872	81.1%	2.77x				
200	4.26%	7,664	125.6%	1.84x	11,846	81.3%	2.76x				

⁽¹⁾ AFFO is based on a three month period ended September 30, 2018 FFO of \$14.5 million adjusted for straight-line rent and average historical capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements. Average historical capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements are determined as 10% of NOI for the quarter and represents the normalized on-going costs required to maintain existing space of a stabilized property. Actual amounts will vary from period to period depending on various factors, including but not limited to, the timing of expenditures made and contractual lease obligations.

DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The REIT's operations and the associated net income occur within partially owned, flow through entities such as partnerships. Any tax liability on taxable income attributable to the Slate Retail exchangeable unitholders is incurred directly by the unitholders as opposed to Slate Retail Investment L.P., the REIT's most senior taxable subsidiary. Accordingly, although the REIT's consolidated net income includes income attributable to Slate Retail exchangeable unitholders, the consolidated tax provision includes only the REIT's proportionate share of the applicable taxes.

For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, the deferred income tax recovery was \$0.3 million and for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the deferred income tax expense was \$0.2 million. The REIT's deferred tax expense relates mainly to changes in the differences between the fair value of the REIT's properties and the corresponding undepreciated value for income tax purposes.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to the terms of a management agreement dated April 15, 2014, the Manager provides all management services to the REIT. The Manager agreed to provide certain services in connection with the business of the REIT, including: the structuring of the REIT, liaising with legal and tax counsel; identifying properties for acquisition; maintaining ongoing relationships with the lenders in respect of the mortgage loans for the Properties; conducting continuous analysis of market conditions; and advising with respect to the disposition of the Properties. In return for its service, the Manager receives the following fees:

- i an asset management fee equal to 0.4% of the total assets of the REIT;
- ii an acquisition fee in an amount equal to 0.75% of the gross purchase price of each Property (or interest in a Property), including the price, due diligence costs, closing costs, legal fees, and additional capital costs for all Properties indirectly acquired by the REIT; and
- an annual incentive fee, calculated in arrears, in an aggregate amount equal to 15% of the REIT's funds from operation per class U unit as derived from the annual financial statements of the REIT in excess of \$1.31, subject to ordinary course adjustments for certain transactions affecting the class U units and increasing annually by 50% of the increase in the U.S. consumer price index.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the consideration established and agreed to by the parties.

	Three months ended September 30,								Nine months ended September 30,					
	2018		2017	V	ariance		2018		2017	Va	ariance			
Asset management fees	\$ 1,487	\$	1,235	\$	252	\$	4,440	\$	3,489	\$	951			
Acquisition fees	158		1,825		(1,667)		158		2,620		(2,462)			
Total	\$ 1,645	\$	3,060	\$	(1,415)	\$	4,598	\$	6,109	\$	(1,511)			

Related party transactions incurred and payable to the Manager for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2018 amounted to \$1.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are in accordance with the management agreement and are measured at the exchange amount. The exchange amount is the consideration established under contract and as approved by the REIT's Board of Trustees.

The management agreement provides for an incentive fee to be earned based on an FFO per unit target that grows annually, in part, with inflation, whereby the Manager is entitled to 15% of the excess of FFO above the target. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, no incentive fee was recognized as the target threshold was not met.

See also discussion of the REIT's strategic acquisition program in "PART II - LEASING AND PROPERTY PORTFOLIO" of this MD&A.

MAJOR CASH FLOW COMPONENTS

The REIT is able to meet all of its obligations as they become due and have sufficient liquidity from the following sources: (i) cash flow from operating activities and (ii) financing availability through the REIT's revolving credit facility and conventional mortgage debt secured by income-producing properties.

	Nine months ended Se	ptember 30,
	2018	2017
Operating activities	\$ 48,758	\$ 35,959
Investing activities	7,801	(340,406)
Financing activities	(55,304)	308,617
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,255	\$ 4,170

Cash flows from operating activities relate to the collection of rent and payment of property operating expenses. Cash flows from operating activities, net of interest expense are able to satisfy the REIT's distribution requirements and will be used to fund on-going operations and expenditures for leasing capital and property capital.

Cash flows used in investing activities relate to property acquisitions and property dispositions made by the REIT, and additions to the properties through capital and leasing expenditures.

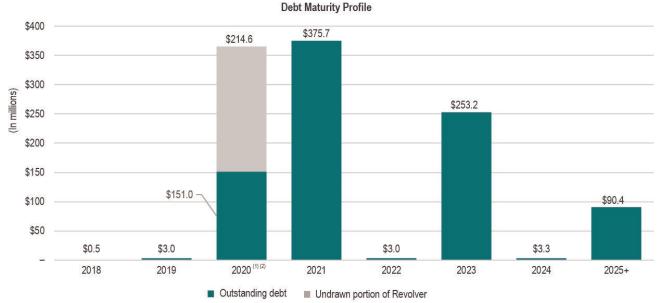
Cash flows from financing activities relate to the servicing of mortgages, additional drawdowns on the REIT's revolver for the acquisition of properties during the year and distributions paid to unitholders.

PART IV - FINANCIAL CONDITION

DEBT

The REIT's overall borrowing strategy is to obtain financing with terms to maturity that are appropriate having regard to the lease maturity profiles of the underlying properties and which allows the REIT to (i) stagger debt maturities that reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations and refinancing risk in any particular period, (ii) minimize financing costs, and (iii) maintain flexibility with respect to property operations. The success of this strategy is dependent upon debt market parameters existing at the time of borrowing, as well as the particular features and quality of the underlying assets being financed. If this strategy is unsuccessful, mortgage principal repayments would be funded by operating cash flows, additional draws under the REIT's revolver, financing of income-producing properties or by issuances of equity.

The REIT's acquisition strategy is backed through a growing unencumbered portfolio of properties. The REIT's revolver and term loan (the "credit facility") and term loan 2 provides the required flexibility to support the REIT's acquisition pipeline. The credit facility and term loan 2 represents a significant component of the REIT's funding, which allows the REIT to maintain flexibility in its portfolio by avoiding debt that constricts portfolio capital recycling and redevelopment while minimizing unused cash positions. In addition to the credit facility and term loan 2, the REIT has ready access to alternative funding sources, including financial institutions for financing arrangements and investors at competitive rates. Management continues to monitor interest rate risk of the REIT's debt portfolio. As a result of the interest rate swap, 98.8% of the REIT's debt is now subject to fixed rates.



⁽¹⁾ Debt available to be drawn is subject to certain covenants as provided in the REIT's lending agreements, including generally, a maximum of 65% Consolidated Total Indebtedness to Gross Asset Value. The revolver, term loan and term loan 2 provide for different spreads over one-month U.S. LIBOR depending on the ratio of the Consolidated Total Indebtedness to Gross Asset Value. The applicable spread where Consolidated Total Indebtedness to Gross Asset Value is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 155 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 55% is 175 bps; (iii) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 200 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 225 bps.

⁽²⁾ Excludes a one-year extension option exercisable at the REIT's option for the revolver. With the one-year extension the weighted average debt maturity of the REIT's debt portfolio is 3.7 years.

							Septe	mber 30, 2018	Decen	nber 31, 2017
	Maturity	Term to maturity (years)	Effective rate	Principal	M	ark-to-market adjustments and costs	Car	rying amount	Cai	rying amount
Revolver (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	February 26, 2020	1.4 (5)	3.91%	\$ 147,924	\$	(874)	\$	147,050	\$	158,991
Term loan (1) (2) (4)	February 26, 2021	2.4	4.09%	362,500		(1,585)		360,915		360,313
Term loan 2 (1) (2) (4)	February 9, 2023	4.4	3.90%	250,000		(1,551)		248,449		248,214
Mortgage	March 1, 2021	2.4	5.75%	11,008		773		11,781		12,244
Mortgage	January 1, 2025	6.3	3.80%	44,583		(1,101)		43,482		44,074
Mortgage	June 15, 2025	6.7	4.14%	56,016		(711)		55,305		56,078
Mortgage	January 1, 2031	12.3	5.50%	8,118		127		8,245		_
TIF notes payable	February 28, 2019	_	5.19%	_		_		_		3,132
Total / weighted ave	rage	3.4 (5)	4.03% (6)	\$ 880,149	\$	(4,922)	\$	875,227	\$	883,046

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average interest rate has been calculated using the September 30, 2018 U.S. LIBOR rate for purposes of the revolver, term loan and term loan 2.

On August 16, 2018, the REIT extinguished TIF notes payable in the amount of \$2.8 million, bearing interest of 5.19%, with borrowings from the REIT's revolver.

On August 31, 2018, in connection with the acquisition of Plymouth Station at Plymouth, Minnesota, the REIT assumed a mortgage of \$8.1 million, bearing interest of 5.50%.

The carrying amount of debt was \$875.2 million at September 30, 2018, which represents a decrease of \$7.8 million compared to December 31, 2017. The decrease is due to principal repayments totaling \$35.7 million on its revolver and mortgages funded by cash received from the disposal of seven property outparcels and one property and cash on hand, partially offset by the acquisition of Plymouth Station and the assumed mortgage of \$8.1 million.

DEBT TO GROSS BOOK VALUE

The REIT's Declaration of Trust provides for restrictions as to the maximum aggregate amount of leverage that may be undertaken. Specifically, the Declaration of Trust provides that the REIT is not permitted to exceed financial leverage in excess of 65% of gross book value, as defined by the Declaration of Trust. A calculation of debt to gross book value ratio is as follows:

	Septe	mber 30, 2018	Dece	mber 31, 2017
Gross book value	\$	1,472,898	\$	1,499,519
Debt		875,227		883,046
Leverage ratio		59.4%		58.9%

The REIT's leverage ratio has increased by 0.5% for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 to 59.4% from December 31, 2017 due to a decrease in gross book value as a result of changes in fair value of properties, partially offset by net repayments on the revolver funded by the disposition of seven property outparcels during the period and cash on hand.

Additional investment and operating guidelines are provided for by the Declaration of Trust. The REIT is in compliance with these guidelines.

⁽²⁾ Debt available to be drawn is subject to certain covenants as provided in the REIT's lending agreements, including generally, a maximum of 65% Consolidated Total Indebtedness to Gross Asset Value. The revolver, term loan and term loan 2 provide for different spreads over one-month U.S. LIBOR depending on the ratio of the Consolidated Total Indebtedness to Gross Asset Value is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 155 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 55% is 175 bps; (iii) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 200 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 225 bps.

⁽³⁾ The revolver requires a stand-by fee to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

⁽⁴⁾ The revolver, term loan and term loan 2 are secured by a general pledge of equity of certain subsidiaries of the REIT. Collectively, those subsidiaries hold an interest in 75 of the REIT's properties.

⁽⁵⁾ Excludes a one-year extension option exercisable at the REIT's option. With the one-year extension the weighted average debt maturity is 3.7 years.

⁽⁶⁾ The weighted average interest rate includes the impact of pay-fixed receive-float swaps.

The REIT's revolver, term loan and term loan 2 are subject to financial and other covenants. The following are the primary financial covenants, with all terms defined by the lending agreement:

	Threshold	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Maximum leverage ratio: consolidated total indebtedness shall not exceed 65% of gross asset value	< 65%	59.5%	60.5%
Minimum fixed charge coverage ratio: adjusted EBITDA to consolidated fixed charges shall not be less than 1.50x $^{(1)}$	> 1.50x	2.55x	2.74x

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, as defined by the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement for the revolver and term loan, and the Credit Agreement for term loan 2.

INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO

In addition to the REIT's level of indebtedness calculated in accordance with the REIT's Declaration of Trust, management also monitors the REIT's interest coverage ratio, which is a non-IFRS measure. The interest coverage ratio is useful in determining the REIT's ability to service the interest requirements of its outstanding debt. The interest coverage ratio is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by the REIT's interest obligations for the period. Management utilizes this ratio to measure and monitor leverage. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA is also a non-IFRS measure and is used by the REIT to monitor its interest coverage ratio as well as monitor requirements imposed by the REIT's lenders. Management views Adjusted EBITDA as a proxy for operating cash flow prior to interest costs. Adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, income taxes, distributions, fair value gains (losses) from both financial instruments and properties, while also excluding certain items not related to operations such as transaction costs from dispositions, acquisitions, debt termination costs, or other events.

The following is a calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and the REIT's interest coverage ratio:

	Three n	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
NOI	\$	25,551	\$	21,891	\$	75,579	\$	60,474	
Other expenses		(2,665)		(1,880)		(7,766)		(6,026)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	22,886	\$	20,011	\$	67,813	\$	54,448	
Cash interest paid		(8,661)		(5,864)		(25,273)		(15,691)	
Interest coverage ratio	-	2.64x		3.41x		2.68x		3.47x	

The interest coverage ratio decreased to 2.64x for the three month period ended September 30, 2018 compared to 3.41x in the same quarter of the prior period. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, the interest coverage ratio was 2.68x compared to 3.47x in the 2017 period. The decreases were the result of increases in interest costs due to one-month U.S. LIBOR rates going from 1.24% at September 30, 2017 to 2.26% for the current period and increases in other expenses, partially offset by increase in NOI and interest rate swaps.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The principal liquidity needs of the REIT arise from: (i) working capital requirements, (ii) debt servicing and repayment obligations which includes the term loans, revolver and the mortgages, (iii) distributions to unitholders, (iv) planned funding of maintenance capital expenditures and leasing costs, and (v) future property acquisition funding requirements.

Cash flows from operating the REIT's property portfolio, available funding under the REIT's revolver, and cash on hand represent the primary sources of liquidity. Cash flows from operations are dependent upon occupancy levels, rental rates, collection of rents, recoveries of operating costs and operating costs. Working capital requirements of the REIT primarily include the payment of operating expenses, leasing costs, maintenance capital and distributions. Working capital needs are generally funded through cash generated from operations, which has historically exceeded such requirements.

The REIT manages its cash flow from operating activities by maintaining a target debt level. The debt to gross book value, as defined in the Declaration of Trust, as at September 30, 2018 is 59.4% (December 31, 2017 – 58.9%). With available liquidity, the REIT could invest in an additional \$208.7 million and remain within the permitted limit under the Declaration of Trust.

Contractual commitments

The REIT has the following contractual commitments:

	Total contractual cash flow	In one year or less	n	In more than one year but not more than three years	thr	In more than ree years but ot more than five years	In more than five years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 25,787	\$ 25,787	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Revolver (1) (2)	147,924	_		147,924		_	_
Revolver interest payable (1) (2) (3)	10,833	7,496		3,337		_	_
Term loan (1) (2)	362,500	_		362,500		_	_
Term loan interest payable (1) (2)	43,469	17,056		26,413		_	_
Term loan 2 (2) (4)	250,000	_		_		250,000	_
Term loan 2 interest payable (2) (4)	54,881	11,763		25,856		17,262	_
Mortgages	111,607	2,494		15,321		5,011	88,781
Mortgage interest payable	28,853	5,032		9,364		7,958	6,499
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	21,745	_		_		_	21,745
Committed property acquisitions	6,873	6,873		_		_	_
Total contractual commitments	\$ 1,064,472	\$ 76,501	\$	590,715	\$	280,231	\$ 117,025

⁽¹⁾ Revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated on \$147.9 million and \$362.5 million (balance outstanding) using an estimated "all in" interest rate of 4.71% under the "less than one year" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the 30-day LIBOR forward curve plus the specified margin for the LIBOR rate option under the revolver and term loan resulting in an anticipated increase to the "all-in" interest rate to 5.16%. The total revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated until maturity of the initial term.

REIT UNITS AND EXCHANGEABLE UNITS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The units of the REIT are presented as equity instruments while Class B units of Slate Retail One L.P. and Slate Retail Two L.P. and exchangeable limited partnership units of GAR B all of which are issued by subsidiaries of the REIT (collectively, the "exchangeable units of subsidiaries") are presented as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.

The exchangeable units of subsidiaries are redeemable at the option of the holder for cash or class U units of the REIT as determined by the REIT. Distributions paid on exchangeable units of subsidiaries are recorded as unit expense in the period in which they become payable. The exchangeable units of subsidiaries are measured at fair value at each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in net and income.

REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries outstanding for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018 and their respective class U equivalent amounts if converted are as follows:

	RE		ngeable ur ubsidiaries	Total class U			
Class / type	U	Α	I	SR1 (1)	SR2 (1)	GAR B	units equivalent
Balance, December 31, 2017	43,482	309	282	220	1,603	496	46,410
Issued under the DRIP	117	_	_	_	_	_	117
Repurchases	(853)	_	_	_	_	_	(853)
Issued under the subdivision	_	3	15	_	_	_	_
Exchanges	141	(18)	(15)	_	_	(108)	_
Class U units equivalent, as at September 30, 2018	42,887	294	282	220	1,603	388	45,674

^{(1) &}quot;SR1" and "SR2" means Slate Retail One exchangeable units and Slate Retail Two exchangeable units, respectively.

Effective March 15, 2018 the REIT elected to suspend its DRIP, which allowed holders of REIT units to elect to receive their distributions in the form of class U units for holders of class A units, class I units and class U units due to the dilutive impact of issuing units at the current market price. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, 0.1 million class U units for \$1.1 million were issued under the DRIP.

⁽²⁾ Excludes the impact of the REIT's \$750.0 million pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swaps that hedge a portion of the cash flow risk associated with one-month U.S. LIBOR based interest payments.

⁽³⁾ Includes stand-by fee on the revolver to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

⁽⁴⁾ Term loan 2 interest payable is calculated on \$250.0 million (balance outstanding) using an estimated "all in" Interest rate of 4.71% under the "less than one year" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the 30-day LIBOR curve plus the specified margin for the LIBOR rate option under the term loan 2 and results in an anticipated increase to the "all-in" interest rate to 5.13%. The total term loan 2 interest payable is calculated until maturity.

Normal course issuer bid

The REIT renewed its existing NCIB effective May 26, 2018. The NCIB remains in effect until the earlier of May 25, 2019 or the date on which the REIT has purchased an aggregate of 3.9 million class U units, representing 10% of the REIT's public float of 38.7 million class U units at the time of entering the NCIB through the facilities of the TSX. The Board of Trustees believes that the purchase by the REIT of a portion of its outstanding class U units at attractive prices where opportunities present themselves will increase unitholder value and that such purchases constitute a desirable use of the REIT's available resources.

For the three month period ended September 30, 2018, 0.4 million class U units have been purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$3.5 million at an average price of \$9.92. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, 0.9 million class U units have been purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$8.3 million at an average price of \$9.73. Subsequent to September 30, 2018, an additional 0.6 million class U units were purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB, aggregating to 1.4 million class U units purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$14.0 million at an average price of \$9.76 in 2018.

On October 5, 2018, in connection with the REIT's NCIB, the REIT entered into an automatic securities repurchase plan with its designated broker in order to facilitate purchases of class U units. The automatic securities repurchase plan allows for purchases by the REIT of class U units at points in time when the REIT would ordinarily not be permitted to make purchases due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. The automatic securities repurchase plan is expected to terminate on November 2, 2018.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	September	30, 2018	Decembe	r 31, 2017
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$	19,638	\$	10,609
Prepaid rent		3,205		3,665
Tenant improvements payable		284		387
Other payables		2,660		2,628
Total	\$	25,787	\$	17,289

Included in trade payables and accrued liabilities are operating expenses, property taxes, and capital and leasing expenses. Other payables include trustee fees, accrued interest payable and other non-operating items.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The accounts receivable balance is comprised of the following:

	Septem	ber 30, 2018	Decembe	er 31, 2017
Rent receivable	\$	2,705	\$	3,519
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(488)		(322)
Accrued recovery income		6,067		5,148
Other receivables		2,512		1,531
Total	\$	10,796	\$	9,876

Rent receivable consists of base rent and operating expense recoveries. Management has provided for \$0.5 million (December 31, 2017 – \$0.3 million) as an allowance for doubtful accounts and anticipates that the unprovided balance is collectible. The \$1.0 million decrease in rent receivable, net of allowance from December 31, 2017 is due to increased collections during the period and an increase in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Accrued recovery income represents amounts that have not yet been billed to tenants for operating expenses, mainly real estate taxes, and are generally billed and paid in the following year. Management expects that this amount will be received in full shortly after the bills are issued. Other receivables represent non-operating amounts.

The aging analysis of rents receivable past due but not impaired, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, is as follows:

	Septembe	er 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
Current to 30 days	\$	1,569	\$	2,405	
31 to 60 days		265		223	
61 to 90 days		99		65	
Greater than 90 days		284		504	
Total	\$	2,217	\$	3,197	

The net amounts aged greater than 90 days are at various stages of the collection process and are considered collectible by management.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- i. On October 5, 2018, in connection with the REIT's NCIB, the REIT entered into an automatic securities repurchase plan with its designated broker in order to facilitate purchases of class U units. The automatic securities repurchase plan allows for purchases by the REIT of class U units at points in time when the REIT would ordinarily not be permitted to make purchases due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. The automatic securities repurchase plan is expected to terminate on November 2, 2018. Subsequent to the quarter end the REIT has repurchased for cancellation 0.6 million units at an average price of \$9.80 per unit at an aggregate cost of \$5.6 million.
- ii. On October 11, 2018, the REIT completed the disposition of a 4,168 square feet non-core outparcel at Roxborough Marketplace located in Littleton, Colorado. The outparcel was sold for \$1.6 million (\$384 per square foot).
- iii. On October 15, 2018, the REIT declared monthly distributions of \$0.07 per class U unit. Holders of class A units, class I units and units of subsidiaries of the REIT were also entitled to receive a distribution at the respective conversion rate attributable to the units.
- iv. On October 30, 2018, the REIT approved the increase of its monthly distribution by 1.8% to U.S.\$0.07125 per unit, or U.S.\$0.855 annually, beginning with its December 2018 distribution. This increase is the fifth consecutive annual distribution increase since the REIT listed its Class U units on the Toronto Stock Exchange in 2014.

PART V – ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the REIT financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management's estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The REIT has identified the estimate of the fair value of its properties as a critical accounting estimate due to the significance of the estimate to the REIT's financial position and impact of changes on fair value to net income. Estimating the fair value of real property is characterized by uncertainty, both in terms of differences between different methods of valuation but also in the selection of assumptions to reflect the property being valued, certain of which are subjective. There is no assurance that management's, or a third-party's, estimate of fair value would be realized on sale due to the specific and unique aspects of real property, including their location, liquidity, tenants and the local demand and supply of competing properties for tenants.

The REIT determines the fair value of properties based upon the overall income capitalization rate method or the discounted cash flow method, direct comparison approach or through a combination of methods. All methods are generally accepted appraisal methodologies. If a third- party appraisal is not obtained for a property, management uses one or a combination of the overall income capitalization rate method and the discounted cash flow method. In certain circumstances, the direct comparison approach is used by comparing properties to similar properties that have sold, but adjusting for differences in the nature, location and other relevant considerations of the properties. The valuation methodology used, or combination of methodologies used, is based on the applicability and reliability of the relative approaches in the context of the subject property.

The fair values of properties are measured individually without consideration to their aggregate value on a portfolio basis. No consideration is given to diversification benefits related to single property tenant risk and geography, the value of assembling a portfolio or to the utilization of a common management platform, amongst other benefits. As a result, the fair value of the REIT's properties taken in aggregate may differ from the fair value of properties measured individually in the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

The following is a summary of the methodologies undertaken by management to estimate the fair value of the REIT's properties:

Overall income capitalization approach

The overall income capitalization approach evaluates a property's potential to generate cash flows and converts those cash flows into a present value. Generally, the REIT estimates a stabilized NOI and applies a capitalization rate to that income to estimate fair value. Stabilized NOI is determined as the property's potential gross income that could be generated at full capacity, less a vacancy and collection allowance. The capitalization rate used is derived from analysis of comparable sales data and the relative relationship of other properties' NOI over their sale price and industry surveys. In many cases, industry surveys are available that provide indicative ranges of capitalization rates for recently sold properties or views on value, however, certain adjustments are required to adjust for the specific nature, location and quality of properties.

Direct comparison approach

This approach involves comparing properties similar to the property for which fair value is being estimated and making adjustments to reconcile differences in size, location, nature and the quality of the property.

A summary of the significant assumptions used in the REIT's estimate of fair value as at September 30, 2018 is included on page 18 of this MD&A. Changes in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the REIT's estimate of fair value, which can be impacted by changes in demand for properties similar to those owned by the REIT, expectations of market rents, the covenant quality of tenants and the general economic environment.

The REIT determines the fair value of properties based upon the overall income capitalization rate method. At September 30, 2018, all valuations were completed by management of the REIT using the overall income capitalization method. Historically, estimates of fair value have in certain instances included valuations completed for transaction or lending purposes, in which case a discounted cash flow approach was also used.

NEW AND FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

i. Application of new and revised IFRSs

The REIT has adopted the following new accounting standards:

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9")

The REIT has applied IFRS 9 effective January 1, 2018. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* ("IAS 39") and provides new guidance on the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting for financial instruments in addition to clarification for the treatment of modifications of financial liabilities that do not result in extinguishment. IFRS 9 is required to be adopted retrospectively with certain available transition provisions.

Details of these new requirements as well as their impact on the REIT's consolidated financial statements are described below. The REIT has applied the standard on a retrospective basis using the available transition provision to not restate comparatives.

Classification and measurement

IFRS 9 requires a new approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets based on the REIT's business models for managing these financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. This approach is summarized as follows:

- Assets held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows that represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost.
- Assets held within a business model where assets are both held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows or sold prior to maturity
 and the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at fair value through other comprehensive
 income ("FVTOCI").
- Assets held within another business model or assets that do not have contractual cash flow characteristics that are solely payments of principal
 and interest are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

The REIT has completed a review of its financial instruments held including performing a cash flow and business model assessment. As a result, the REIT determined that cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, tax incremental financing ("TIF") notes receivable, financial assets within other assets, and notes receivable currently measured at amortized cost will continue to be measured at amortized cost, and that the REIT's interest rate swaps will continue to be measured at FVTPL.

Impairment

IFRS 9 requires the use of an expected credit loss ("ECL") impairment model for financial assets measured at amortized cost or debt instruments measured at FVTOCI. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.

The REIT measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The loss allowance for the TIF receivable and notes receivable is also measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses. The REIT evaluates each receivable on a specific basis for collectability in addition to the ECL model in general. This did not have a material impact to the REIT's policy of impairment of financial assets.

Hedge accounting

IFRS 9 expands the scope of hedge items and risks eligible for hedge accounting and aligns hedge accounting more closely with risk management. This new standard did not fundamentally change the types of hedging relationships or the requirement to measure and recognize ineffectiveness, however, it allows more hedging strategies that are used for risk management to qualify for hedge accounting and introduce more judgment to assess the effectiveness of a hedging relationship.

In accordance with IFRS 9's transition provisions for hedge accounting, the REIT has applied the IFRS 9 hedge accounting requirements prospectively from the date of initial application on July 30, 2018. The REIT's qualifying hedging relationships in place as at July 30, 2018 also qualified for hedge accounting in accordance with IFRS 9 and were therefore regarded as continuing hedging relationships. No rebalancing of any of the hedging relationships was necessary on July 30, 2018. As the critical terms of the hedging instruments match those of their corresponding hedged items, all hedging relationships continue to be effective under IFRS 9's effectiveness assessment requirements. The REIT has also not designated any hedging relationships under IFRS 9 that would not have met the qualifying hedge accounting criteria under IAS 39.

Financial liabilities

Generally, IFRS 9 did not introduce changes to the classification of financial liabilities. The REIT will continue to measure its financial liabilities at amortized cost.

In regards to modifications of financial liabilities, IFRS 9 requires that when a financial liability measured at amortized cost is modified or exchanged, and such modification or exchange does not result in derecognition, the adjustment to the amortized cost of the financial liability is recognized in profit or loss at the date of modification. This did not have a material impact on the REIT's measurement of its financial liabilities, nor opening retained earnings as at January 1, 2018 as the adjustment was only \$113 thousand.

Disclosures in relation to the initial application of IFRS 9

The table below illustrates the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities under IFRS 9 and IAS 39 at the date of initial application, January 1, 2018.

	IAS 39 measurement	IFRS 9 measurement	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
Financial instrument	category	category	under IAS 39	under IFRS 9
Financial assets				
Cash	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,380
Cash equivalents	FVTPL	FVTPL	2,003	2,003
Interest rate swaps (1)	FVTPL	FVTPL	10,607	10,607
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	9,876	9,870
TIF notes receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	3,312	3,312
Financial assets within other assets	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	118	118
Notes receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost	10,841	10,841
Financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	17,289	17,289
Distributions payable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	3,249	3,249
Revolver, term loans and mortgages	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	879,914	880,027
TIF notes payable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	3,132	3,132
Financial liabilities within other liabilities	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	2,869	2,869
REIT units (2)	FVTPL	FVTPL	457,590	457,590
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	FVTPL	FVTPL	24,075	24,075

⁽¹⁾ Interest rate swaps are held in a hedge relationship, such that fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income as opposed to profit or loss.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15")

IFRS 15 replaces IAS 18, Revenue, and IAS 11, Construction contracts, and is effective January 1, 2018. The REIT has elected to apply the standard on a modified retrospective basis.

The adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact to the REIT's consolidated statements of income. The recovery of costs related to common area maintenance services is considered within the scope of IFRS 15 and the REIT has concluded that the pattern of revenue recognition remains unchanged. As a result of the adoption of IFRS 15, the REIT discloses revenue recognized from contracts with customers related to common area maintenance recoveries separately from other sources of revenue, including those included within gross leases.

In addition, the REIT assessed that it is a principal in relation to property taxes that are paid directly by the tenants to the relevant taxing authority as the REIT is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to satisfy its property tax obligations. As a result, the REIT recognizes the gross amount of consideration for property taxes paid directly by tenants. There was no adjustment to opening retained earnings on the date of adoption of this standard.

No impact on the consolidated statements of cash flow as a result of adoption.

ii. Future accounting policies

IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16")

IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17, Leases ("IAS 17"), and IFRIC 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease, and is effective January 1, 2019. The objective of IFRS 16 is to report information that faithfully represents lease transactions and provides a basis for users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. To meet that objective, a lessee should recognize assets and liabilities arising from a lease.

IFRS 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognize a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. This standard substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements of IAS 17 while requiring enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors. Other areas of the lease accounting model have been impacted, including the definition of a lease.

The REIT has established an impact assessment and implementation team to evaluate the impacts of IFRS 16 on its consolidated financial statements. Currently, the REIT has completed the issue identification phase of the transition and has commenced its evaluation of the resulting impact on its consolidated financial statements, reporting system, internal controls and disclosures required by the standard.

⁽²⁾ Effective May 11, 2018, the class A, class I and class U units of the REIT have been presented within unitholders' equity.

CONTROL AND PROCEDURES

The REIT's management, under the supervision of its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as such terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* ("NI 52-109").

DC&P are those controls and other procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all material information required to be disclosed by the REIT in annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation. Furthermore, DC&P are those controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed by the REIT in annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is accumulated and communicated to the REIT's management, including its CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

ICFR is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. The REIT has applied the *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013) published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission for the design of its ICFR for the nine month period ended September 30, 2018.

The REIT's CEO and CFO, along with the assistance of others, have designed disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the REIT is made known to the CEO and CFO, and have designed internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

No changes were made in the REIT's design of ICFR during the nine month period ended September 30, 2018, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the REIT's ICFR.

In designing such controls, it should be recognized that due to inherent limitations, any controls or control systems, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. As a result of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected or prevented. These inherent limitations include, without limitation, (i) the possibility that management's assumptions and judgments may ultimately prove to be incorrect under varying conditions and circumstances; or (ii) the impact of isolated errors.

Additionally, controls may be circumvented by unauthorized acts of individuals, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override. The design of any control system is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential conditions. Projections of any evaluations of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PART VI – PROPERTY TABLES

At September 30, 2018, the REIT owns a portfolio of 86 grocery-anchored retail properties. The portfolio consists of 10,897,059 square feet of GLA with a current occupancy rate of 94.3%.

Property	Location	Associated MSA	Area (SF)	% of Total	Occ. %	Anchor
98 Palms	Destin	Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin	84,682		98%	Winn-Dixie
Bellview Plaza	Pensacola	Pensacola	82,910		100%	Publix
Bloomingdale Plaza	Brandon	Tampa-St. Petersburg	83,237		97%	Winn-Dixie
Cordova Commons	Pensacola	Pensacola	164,343		100%	The Fresh Market
Errol Plaza	Orlando	Orlando	72,150		93%	Winn-Dixie
Eustis Village	Eustis	Orlando	156,927		97%	Publix
Good Homes Plaza	Ocoee	Orlando	165,741		97%	Publix
Meres Town Center	Tarpon Springs	Tampa-St. Petersburg	47,183		100%	Winn-Dixie
Oak Hill Village	Jacksonville	Jacksonville	78,492		100%	Publix
Salerno Village Square	Stuart	Port St. Lucie	77,677		93%	Winn-Dixie
Seminole Oaks	Seminole	Tampa-St. Petersburg	63,572		98%	Winn-Dixie
Uptown Station	Fort Walton Beach	Pensacola	270,276		91%	Winn-Dixie
Wedgewood Commons	Stuart	Port St. Lucie	165,308		87%	Publix
Total Florida			1,512,498	13.9	0.70	
County Line Plaza	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	74,968		90%	Edge Fitness
Kennywood Shops	Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh	194,823		94%	Giant Eagle
Lake Raystown Plaza	Huntingdon	Harrisburg	140,159		100%	Giant Foods
Northland Center	State College	State College	111,496		81%	Giant Foods
Norwin Town Square	North Huntingdon	Pittsburgh	141,466		100%	Shop 'n Save
Shops at Cedar Point	Allentown	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	130,553		93%	Weis
Summit Ridge	Mount Pleasant	Pittsburgh	227,729		100%	Walmart
West Valley Marketplace	Allentown	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	259,207		95%	Walmart
Total Pennsylvania	Allentown	Allertown-bethlerien-Laston	1,280,401	11.7	3070	vvaiinart
11 Galleria	Greenville	Greenville	105,608		86%	The Fresh Market
Battleground Village	Greensboro	Greensboro-High Point	75,407		100%	Earth Fare
Flowers Plantation	Clayton	Raleigh	53,500		100%	Food Lion
Fuquay Crossing	Fuquay-Varnia	Raleigh	96,638		100%	Kroger
Independence Square	Charlotte	Charlotte	190,361		99%	Walmart
	Chanoue	Chanotte	190,301		99 /0	vvaiiiiait
Mooresville Consumer Square	Mooresville	Charlotte	275,726		98%	Walmart
Mooresville Town Square	Mooresville	Charlotte	89,824		100%	Lowes Foods
North Summit Square	Winston-Salem	Winston-Salem	224,530		96%	Sam's Club
Wellington Park	Cary	Raleigh	102,487		88%	Lowes Foods
Total North Carolina	Cary	Taloign	1,214,081	11.1	0070	2011001 0000
Abbott's Village	Alpharetta	Atlanta	109,586		99%	Publix
Birmingham Shoppes	Milton	Atlanta	82,905		90%	Publix
Douglas Commons	Douglasville	Atlanta	97,027		98%	Kroger
Duluth Station	Duluth	Atlanta	94,966		83%	Publix
Locust Grove	Locust Grove	Atlanta	89,568		89%	Publix
Merchants Crossing	Newnan	Atlanta	174,059		98%	Kroger
Merchants Square	Riverdale	Atlanta	118,986		98%	Kroger
National Hills	Augusta	Augusta-Richmond	159,885		94%	The Fresh Market
Robson Crossing	Flowery Branch	Atlanta	103,720		92%	Publix
Total Georgia	Flowery Diantin	Aliania	1,030,702	9.5%	92 /0	rublix
•	Fountain Inn	Craanvilla		J.J //0	070/	DLLO
Armstrong Plaza		Greenville	57,838		97%	BI-LO
Barefoot Commons	North Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach-Conway	90,702		93%	BI-LO
Dill Creek Commons	Greer	Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	72,526		100%	BI-LO
Dorman Center	Spartanburg	Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	388,276		97%	Walmart
Little River Pavilion	North Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach-Conway	63,823		100%	Lowes Foods
North Augusta Plaza	North Augusta	Augusta-Richmond	231,998		92%	Publix
North Pointe	Columbia	Columbia	64,255		100%	Publix
Total South Carolina			969,418	8.9%		

Deckeye Plaza Cleveland Cleveland 116,905 98% Supermarket	Property	Location	Associated MSA	Area (SF)	% of Total	Occ %	Anchor
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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Slate Retail REIT is an unincorporated, open-ended investment trust fund under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The REIT focuses on acquiring, owning and leasing a portfolio of diversified revenue-producing commercial real estate properties in the U.S. with an emphasis on grocery-anchored retail properties. The REIT has a current portfolio that spans 10.9 million square feet of GLA and consists of 86 groceryanchored retail commercial properties located in the U.S.

Head office

Slate Retail REIT 121 King Street West, Suite 200 Toronto, ON M5H 3T9 Tel: +1 416 644 4264

Fax: +1 416 947 9366 E-mail: info@slateam.com

Stock exchange listing and symbol

The REIT's units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and trade under the symbols SRT.U (quoted in US dollars)

and SRT.UN (quoted in Canadian dollars)

Independent auditors

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Toronto, Canada

Registrar and transfer agent

TSX Trust Company 301 - 100 Adelaide Street West Toronto, ON M5H 4H1 Tel: +1 416 361 0930

Fax: +1 416 361 0470

The REIT's website www.slateretailreit.com provides additional information regarding the REIT's portfolio, investment strategy, management and corporate governance. Additionally, the Investor section includes news, presentations, events, regulatory filings and stock information.

Trustees

Thomas Farley, Chairman (1)(2)(3) Corporate Director

Samuel Altman (1)(2)(3) President, Joddes Limited

Andrea Stephen (1)(2)(3) Corporate Director

Brady Welch

Partner and Co-founder, Slate Asset Management L.P.

Colum Bastable, FCA (IRL) (1)(2) Chairman, Cushman & Wakefield Inc.

Patrick Flatley (3)

Senior Vice President, Fidelity National Title Insurance Company

Blair Welch (3)

Partner and Co-founder, Slate Asset Management L.P.

⁽¹⁾ Compensation, Governance and Nomination Committee

⁽²⁾ Audit Committee

⁽³⁾ Investment Committee